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Bhutto begins talks in Baghdad

BAGHDAD (AP) — Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto of Pakistan began talks Tuesday with President Saddam Humein during a tour of the region aimed at drumming up tupport for her policy on Kashusir. Officials accompanying Bhutto said she would seek backing for taking up the Kashusir issue at an Islamic foreign ministers' conference in Cairo later this month. Bhutto visited while the same taken taken the same taken taken the same taken take eight Musiem countries earlier this year to seek their support. Pakistan eight Musicm countries earlier this year to seek their support. Pekistan demands that Indian Kashasiris be allowed to choose their own future through a U.N.-sponsored plebiscite, but India says its state of Jamans-Kashasir is part of india. At least 716 people have been killed in Kashasir since Jan. 20 when India innuched a crackdown on separatists who are fighting for freedom for Jamans-Kashasir from India. Most of the Arab countries, who have good relations with India, have refrained from giving outright support to Islamabad in the decades-long conflict. Diplomats in the area said Bhutto was told by most Arab leaders that the conflict with New Delhi should be settled through necessarion. Saddem Hussain is expected to expound a similar nosition. Bhutto negotiation. Saddem Hussain is expected to expound a similar position. Blutto visited Iraq in May last year, ending a period of cool relations because her predecessor Mohammed Zia U-Haq backed Iran during the Gulf war. Blutto will also visit Kuwait, Morecce, Algeria and Bahrain.

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AMMAN WEDNESDAY, JULY 11, 1990, DHUL HIJJEH 19, 1410

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AMMAN (Petra) — The Greater Amman Municipal Council Tuesday terminated a contract with a British firm to supervise the op-erations of the Jbeiha Amusement Park. It entrusted a caretaker administrative committee to run the park pending a final evaluation of the facility's situation. The council also adopted a decisioo allowing owners of unlicensed buildings to settle municipal tax in instalments payable over a period ranging between 12 months and 24 months.

Fahd confers with Algerian president

JEDDAH (AP) — King Fahd conferred Tuesday with Algerian President Chadli Benjedid who had arrived in the Sandi Arabian summer capital of Jeddah earlier m the day, Riyadh Radio reported. There were no official statements on the subjects the two leaders tackled. But Sandi Arabia and Algeria, along with Morocco, are the members of the three-man Arab panel that was mandated by the Arab League to work for establishment of peace in Lebanon. Saudi Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal and his Algerian counterpart Ahmad Ghozali held a separate meeting. The official Saudi Press Agency said they discussed bilateral ties and reviewed efforts being exerted to solve the Lebanese prob-

U.S. refuses to deny or confirm Israel trucking Litani water

WASHINGTON (Agencies). -The U.S. State Department has refused to confirm or deny the accuracy of reports that Israel was using large quantities of water from Lebanon's Litani River. In a written answer to a question, the State Department deputy spokesman said the department had noted reports that Israel was trucking large quantities of water from the Litani to Israel. "However, we can neither confirm or deny the accuracy of these allegations," the spokesman said.

Powell visits Tunis

TUNIS (R) — General Colin Powell, chairman of the U.S. Joint Chiefs of Staff, is in Tunis on the first leg of an orientation tour of North Africa and the Middle East, diplomats said Tuesday. Powell, who arrived Monday night, was due to confer with Tunisian President Zine Abidine Ben Ali and Defence Minister Abdallah Kallel before leaving for Cairo. He was also due to visit Jordan and Israel.

1 killed, 6 hurt in Lebanon biasts

BEIRUT (AP) - One person was killed and six were wounded, including five children, in two explosions in Beirut and South Lehanon Tuesday, police reported. A police spokesman said the children were playing soccer m an empty lot near the city's dividing green line when an antitank mine exploded. One of them lost his leg and the others received various wounds. In the southern town of Ghaziyeh, 50 kilometres from Beirut, one person was killed and another was wounded when a roadside bomh exploded. It was not clear who planted the bomb in the town

U.S defends pact with Greece

WASHINGTON (R) - The United States on Monday songht to sooth Turkey's concern over a new military bases pact with Greece, saying the agreement was "totally consistent" with the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO). "Basically as regards Turkey, I would say the agreement is totally consistent, in letter and spirit, with the undertakings and commitments of the North Atlantic Trreaty," U.S. State Department Deputy Spokeman Richard Boucher told reporters. "Therefore, it's obviously not directly against any party to that treaty," he said.

Gorbachev reelected Crown Prince reviews dangers general secretary

MOSCOW (Agencies) - Presi- ated Tuesday morning to chal-

Gorbachev had been under fire from both traditionalists and radical reformers during the coogress, but opposition appeared to melt away as the delegates consi- at the Kremlin's Palace of Condered electing a oew general

Despite their criticism, many conservative delegates apparently believed that only Gorbachev has the ability to hold the increasingly

unpopular party together.
The oearly 5,000 delegates to the 28th party congress cast paper ballots in a secret vote late Tuesday afternoon at the Grand Kremlin Palace, a short walk fixed term of office. But the from the hall where the Congress is being held.

Teimuraz Avaliani, received 501 several times a year. votes for, and 4,020 votes against. Seven candidates were nomin- for opponeots to oust Gorbachev

dent Mikhail Gorbachev won leoge the 59-year-old president reelection Tuesday as head of the and party leader. By the after-Communist Party despite eight noon, all had dropped out hut days of criticism of his reform Avaliani, the man who led a coal strike in western Siberia a year

> The announcement of Gorbachev's victory was greeted by loud applause from the delegates

> The congress, which many expected could pose a challenge to Gorbachev, eoded in triumph for the Soviet leader after eight days. Delegates approved Gorbachev's proposal to reorganise the party polithuro, transferring greater power to the government that Gorbachev heads,

The top party job carries no meeting changed party rules, to require that the general secretary The results were announced be elected by a congress, which Tuesday might, with Gorbachev traditionally meets every four or receiving 3,411 votes for and five years, rather than hy the 1,116 against. His lone opponent, Central Committee, which meets

The change will make it harder

In March, Gorhachev was

elected to a five-year term as president, an office whose authority was strengthened at his "I carry the most responsibility

for what has been done," he told the delegates in accepting his nomination earlier Tuesday. "You have the possibility, you bave a lot of information, it's

right that you should decide." In a brief speech, after the vote. Gorbachev said: "I accept these duties with the understanding that I and all those who will work with me have drawn the most serious and far-reaching conclusions from all that we have heard here and will hear in the future...

"Given that I have explained my stand in detail at this forum, 1 take this vote as support for my. positions.

Gorbachev, 59, was first elected general secretary in March 1985.

After Gorbachev's re-election, which ended the day's sessioo, hundreds of delegates flocked round him, patting him on the

back and shaking his hand. He autographed several delegates' congress registration cards before walking out of the hall, still mobbed by scores of suppor-

"He was the only realistic figure. It would have been hopeless to choose any other way," one delegate said.

The nomination of the stocky, white-haired Avaliani came oo the eve of a one-day political strike announced hy miners protesting the Communist Party's power and the government's inability to fulfill the promises it made to end last year's strike. Miners now are calling for the government to resign.

Although nominations were open to the floor, supporters of the well-represented traditiooalist group did oot oominate their most visible politburo member, Yegor K. Ligachev.

"The congress did not nominate him. That says it all," said Moscow party boss Yuri Pro-

(Continued on page 3)

G-7 summit rallies behind Soviet change

HOUSTON (R) — Leaders of year's massacre in and around the world's seven leading industrial powers Tuesday expressed strong support for Soviet leader measures put into place at last Mikhail Gorbachev and said they year's summit, as modified over would relax sanctions against the course of this year," the improved its human rights re-

"We commit onrselves to working with the Soviet Union to assist its efforts to create an open society, a pluralistic democracy and a market-oriented economy," the seven leaders said in a political communique read hy U.S. Secretary of State James

Baker. The Group of Seven (G-7) the United States, Britaio, France, West Germany, Italy, Canada and Japan — acknowledged receot liheralisatioo moves by the Chinese government but said these were not yet sufficient to relax limits on World Bank loans imposed after last

"We agree to maintain the

the Beijing government communique said, referring to China.

"We will keep them under review for future adjustmeets to respond to further positive developments in China," it added. The seven said they would ex-

plore whether the world Bank could extend its lending policy to spur Chinese economic reform, particularly to address environmental concerns.

At the momeot, the World Bank is allowed to lend money to China only for humanitarian pro-

The communique left for Wednesday the question of economie assistance to the Soviet

(Continued on Page 2)

Arafat warns against any bid to undermine PLO

TUNIS (Petra) - Palestine Liwarned against any attempts to, decisions," he said. alienate his organisation from people. His warniog came as part of a message to the Palestinians in the Israeli-occupied territories marking 31 months of their upris-

ing.
"There will be no peace, no stability or security in the Middle East except through Palestinian security and recognition of Palestinian rights, most paramount of which are the right to self-determination and the right to establish a separate Palestinian state with Jerusalem as its capit-

al." Arafat said. Arafat also attacked the United States. "The U.S. administration chose to reward the new Israeli government by stopping its dialogue with the PLO and ex- sive general strike.

beration Organisation (PLO) of financial aid to Israel and Chairman Yasser Arafat Tuesday vetoing U.N. Security Council

Arafat said he thought that the basis of holding a dialogue with the PLO and perhaps understood that our strategic commitment is closely connected to our concern for our national dignity and pride and our right to defend our people against the daily war waged by Israeli occupation."

He called on the Palestinian people to escalate their uprising and use utmost restraint and exercise cautioo against "plots aimed at breaking our national unity within the occupied territor-

The uprising entered its 32nd month Monday. The Palestinians living in the occupied territories marked the occasion with a mas-

tending congressional approval

the people it represents or to the Americao administratioo overstep its authority as the sole might have acquired a "new representative of the Palestinian awareness now that they knew

> Sunday before the Syrian leader heads home. News Ageocy (MENA) reported that Mubarak would travel to Sandi Arabia Wedoesday for talks with King Fahd and a quick pilgrimage to Mecca and Medina.

key figures in efforts to heal a breach betweeo Syria and Iraq. The government officials said the Mnbarak-Assad talks would dcal with the stalled Middle East peace process and inter-Arah reations, including the quarrels be-

tween Syria on one hand and Iraq and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) on the other. During his visit to Damascus, Mubarak said he would like to end the Syrian-Iraqi feud

Assad boycotted an Arah summit in Iraq's capital Baghdad last May despite efforts hy Mubarak and Saudi Arabian leaders to persuade him to attend.

The next Arab summit is due in November in Cairo, and Egyptian officials said they expected both Assad and Saddam to participate. They said Muharak would try to clear the atmosphere between Iraq and Syria before

posed by Soviet Jewish wave

MADRID (Petra) — His Royal migration to Palestine to socio-Highness Crown Prince Hassan Tuesday warned of the great dangers inhereot in Soviet Jewish immigration to Palestine and its repecurssions oo Jordan and the Arah World at large.

The massive wave of Soviet Jews flowing into Palestine means the transfer of Palestinians to an interview with the Spanish

newspaper El Pais. "Jordan, which acts as a strong wall preventing Israeli expansion at the expense of Arah land, should receive enough Arab support to ensure its national security as well as that of the whole Arab Nation," the Crown Prince

The immigration of Palestinians to Jordan in the aftermath of the 1948 Arab-Israeli war placed additional financial hur-

Assad due

Cairo Saturday for a two-day official visit, his first in 7 years,

He will be returning a two-day

made to Damascus May 2-3 to

seal the end of a bilateral rift of

more than 12 years over Egypt's

separate peace treaty with Israel.

anonymity, said Assad and

Mubarak would have talks m

Cairo Saturday and would travel

to the Mediterranean city of Ale-

xandria for further discussions

The state-ruo Middle East

Mobarak and Fahd have been

The official, who demanded

government officials said

in Cairo

July 14

economic causes. "The Soviets are oot enemies of the Arabs," he

Soviet emigrees will contribute to enhancing Israel's manpower and technology, the Crown Prince said. In answer to a goestion oo the

economic situation in Jordan, Jordan, the Crown Prince said in Prince Hassan said the economie reform programme developed hy the government in cooperation with the International Monetary Fund was proceeding slowly hut firmly. The situation is getting better io terms of increased Jordanian exports, foreign currency reserves and reduced im-

Prioce Hassao singled out population growth and defeoce as the two most important problems facing Jordan and cailed on the dens oo the Kingdom, he said. Arah countries to provide finan-He attributed Soviet Jewish imcial support for the Kingdom.

ports, he said.

The Crown Prince said the "silent majority in the Middle East rejects rightist or leftist extremism," and "the escalating extremism in the region is attributable to three spots of tension -Lebanoo, the Arab-Israeli cooflict and the failure so far to hring about permanent peace between

Seville conference

Iraq and Iran."

Prince Hassan Tuesday took part in an Arab-Iberian-Latin American conference which was opened in Seville Mooday. He delivered a speech stressing the importance of Arab-Latin American dialogue and reviewing potential scopes of cooperation.

The Crown Prince also reviewed the historical roots of cooperation hetween Latin American countries and the Arah

Badran urges closer cooperation to tackle unemployment problem

CAIRO (AP) — Syrian President Hafez Al Assad will arrive in visit President Hosni Mubarak Labour and employers.

Speaking at a meeting with ployer to provide at least one joh opportunity for an unemployed Jordanian.

Jordanian labour force, ooting minister, who said statistics sugthat they receive the full appreance and good conduct.

He pointed out that joh opportunities abroad for Jordanians dan as well as some 150,000 had become very limited due to illegal workers. various reasons, incloding the world economie recession, a fall in the oil prices and the comple- ahead of the resumption of a tion of infrastructure projects in debate oo unemployment in Jorsuch countries as well as the availability of indigenous skilled labour force.

speeding up work on the new it began late last month.

AMMAN (Petra) - Prime labour law, "which should meet Mioister Modar Badran said the new developments in the Tuesday the unemployment in country and take into considera-Jordan was "partly behavioural" tion the increased supply of and called for increased coopera- labour force, and the increased tion between the Ministry of numbers of industries and the

growth in the production sector." The new law should also spe-Minister of Labour Qaseem cify the rights of the various Obeidat and senior ministry offi- parties and define their duties cials, Badran stressed the need clearly and fairly and respond to for fioding jobs to the unem- the social developments which ployed and called on every em- Jordan has witnessed over the last two decades, he said.

Badran was briefed oo the scale of the unemployment prob-Badran spoke highly of the lem in Jordan hy the labour gest that oumber of johless in the ciation of employers abroad due Kingdom is 50,000 - 15 per cent to their distinguished perform- of the total work force. However, he noted, there are 40,000 non-Jordanians working legally in Jor-

The prime minister's meeting with the labour minister came dan by the Lower House of Parliament. The Hoose meets Wednesday evening to continue The prime minister called for its discussions on the issue which

51 Albanian refugees enjoy freedom, others wait

one Albanian refugees enjoyed their first day of freedom in Praleave Eorope's last hardline na were unlikely to be able to Communist state.

ers in their Tirana embassies said they expected Albania to allow the refugees to leave later this

Spokesmeo for conotries

In Albania, the official media attacked the refugees, who stormed into foreign missions last week to flee their country.

The official news agency ATA, monitored in Vienna, said Presiof letters and telegrams from events in Tirana. citizens and collectives expressing "their profound indigation at all those who seek to cause troubles in the peaceful life of our coun-

The 51 Albanians who arrived in Prague Tuesday were allowed to leave after protracted negotiations between Albania and the

Czechoslovak Foreign Ministry. In Budapest, the Hungarian Foreign Ministry said the 6,000 asylum-seekers still holed up in the embassies were expected to quit Albania in a mass evacua-

Ministry spokesman Ferenc Pokar said technical details of an evacuation by air, sea, train, or road were being discussed by the embassies and United Nations special envoy Staffan de Mistura, who is in Tirana.

"It is likely (to be) in the form of unified procedure," said Pokar. He declined to say when

VIENNA (Agencies) — Fifty- the refugees would leave. A West Germao Foreigo Ministry spokesman said the gue Tuesday as up to 6,000 others 3,000 Albanians who have sought waited at embassies in Tirana to refuge in Bonn's mission in Tiraleave before Thursday.

All the refugees should be ahie sheltering would-be asylum seek- to leave hy the weekend, he said. Alhania's Communist leadership, trying to improve its international relations after decades of isolation, also drew renewed criticism from the 12-oatioo European Community (EC).
At a meeting in Vienna of

delegates from the 35 nations that signed the 1975 Helsinki accords. the EC expressed "regret and dent Ramiz Alia received scores deep concern" at the recent

The Albanian asylum-seekers, some dodging police bullets, began taking refuge in the foreign embassies in Tirana June 28. Albaniao aothorities agreed Saturday to permit all of them to leave the country under foreign

supervision. The European trading bloc called on Albania to institute reforms that would establish a pluralist democracy and guarantee

buman rights and freedoms. Despite the criticism, Albania was granted observer status Tuesday at the meeting to the Conference on Security and Coopera-

tion in Europe, a group that grew from the Helsinki accords. But U.S. chief delegate John Maresca said the Albanian government now would have the

responsibility of living up to the Helsinki provisions on human rights and other democratic com-

OAU summit hears call for democracy

ADDIS ABABA (Agencies) ---Africa must develop its own brand of democracy before other oations impose their own forms of the system on the continent as a condition for economic aid, a speaker at an Organisation of African Unity (OAU) summit said Tuesday.

"Africa must go back to its deep-rooted democratic tradition where all public issues were decided after the usual palaver,"

Adebayo Adedeji, the Economic Africa would remain impover-Commission for Africa executive attending the 26th OAU summit.

"We are basically a democratic people. Let us revert squarely and in full force to our democratic tradition and by so doing

Carter of the United States and

ished unless its leaders ended secretary, told the delegates wars and resolved economic Carter, speaking Tuesday on

the second day of the three-day summit, said be shared Africans' concerns that aid and investment Carter is the head of Global Julius Nyerere of Tanzania, that 2000, a non-project organisation

that sponsors health programme and development projects in Third World countries. On Monday, leaders of the six

West African nations Monday signed an unprecedeoted peace pact to end conflicts in their region.

peaceful means to end regional

The pact committed Djibouti, was being diverted from the rich unleash the latent talents of our Ethiopia, Kenya, Somalia, nations to Eastern Europe and Two former presidents. Jimmy Latin America and not Africa. Sodan, and Uganda to seek

Palestinian cause gains among Americans AMMAN (J.T.) — A recent opinion poll conducted in the United States indicate a dramatic increase in support for the Palestinian quest for an independent state and an erosion in American support for Israel.

Forty-seven per ceot of the 1,084 people questioned in the New York Times/CBS News poll "say they now support giving the Palestinians a homeland in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip," according to a report in the Jerusalem Post. Two years ago, 10 per cent favoured such a state.

The New York Times reported that the poll, taken last month, and recent interviews around the country "all show some erosion in Americans' regard for Israel... There is still an enduring core of support for Israel, especially when considered in relation to its Arab neighbours, but Americans no

longer side strongly with Israel against the Palestinians within its borders." Asked, "Should the United

States be more sympathetic to the concerns of the Palestinian minority in Israel than it is now?" 38 per cent of the 1,054 people contacted by telephone answered, "yes." 37 per cent said, "no."

The same question in 1988 drew 26 per cent "yes" responses, 49 per cent "no." Asked, "Are you more in sympathy with Israel, or with Árab nations?" 40 per cent sided with Israel, 19 per cent with the Arabs. Two years ago, 30 per cent favoured Israel, 10 per cent the Arabs.

Support for the Arab states did not reach double digits until 1987, according to a series of Roper polls. It hovered around 10 per cent until the latest Times/CBS survey. Backing for Israel has ranged from nearly 50 per cent (1974) to 30 per cent (1988), with 40 per cent being a rough average over the past 16 As for foreign aid, 61 per

cent replied that present levels should he sustained or increased. Seventy-two per cent favoured maintaining or boosting aid levels in 1988. A pro-Israel lobbyist said

that a preliminary analysis of the figures does not show erosion of support for the Jewish state. "The 20 per cent for the Arab states is admittedly a little high, but support for Israel remains" at typical levels, he

The lobbyist also termed the 61 per cent in favour of current or higher foreign aid "normal. The 72 per cent two years ago was an upblip." Regarding the near-majority

for a Palestinian state, the

source said that growing Amer-

ican sentiment for such an outcome "has been a reality for a number of years." Asked about opinion regarding Israel before publication of

the poll, two Jewish members of congress, representing districts with few Jewish voters, responded this way: Dan Glickman (Democratlowa) said that "I hear more about it from constituents. Up

until a few years back people would rarely bring it up... They know I'm a strong supporter of Israel (and) they're not asking me to change my position, but they are saying that they don't like what they see on TV." "John Miller (Republican-Washington) noted that where-

as in the past maybe one constituent in 75 would mention cutting aid to Israel, "now I'm getting seven or eight... who say. 'Let's cut foreign aid' and just about all are focusing on

The Times/CBS poll comes a few weeks after a troubling unpublished poll by the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith, which caused deep consternation when circulated in The poll showed that 48 per

cent of college-educated Amer-

ican males are mor sympathetic

to the Palestinians than they are

to Israel, while 25 per cent favour Israel, Israeli sources say. However, Israel fares much better when compared to the Arab states. The poll also showed that 44 per cent of the college-educated had an unfavourable opinion of Prime Minister Yitzhak Sha-

with a favourable opinion. But officials are concerned that the attitudes of the more educated will eventually spread to other levels of the U.S. population, the Jerusalem Post

mir, as opposed to 36 per cent

Kuwait, Iran to build trust, cooperation

Iran, in their first high-level meeting since the 1979 revolution in Tehran, have vowed to build up trust and cooperation among countries in the Gulf two years after a ceasefire halted the Iran-

Reflecting a substantial easing of tensions between Iran and the Arab Gulf states, a Kuwaiti official said Tuesday that Foreign Ministers Ali Akbar Velayati of Iran and Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmad Al Sabah of Kuwait had pledged to develop bilateral ties on the basis of mutual respect and good neighbourliness.

"This will create the best conditions to build up trust and cooperation between all countries of the region," the official said, according to the official Kuwait News Agency (KUNA).

Velayati, on the first visit by an Iranian foreign minister to Kuwait since the Shah was deposed I1 years ago, arrived Monday for a two-day stay that diplomats saw as another major step towards stabilising the political climate of the Gulf.

In Geneva earlier this month Velayati and his Iraqi counterpart, Tareq Aziz, held their first face-to-face meeting as part of peace treaty between the two

Velayati began his visit by saying that Iran, slowly emerging from more than a decade of virtual international isolation, attached great importance to its relations with the six membernations of the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC).

The GCC groups Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain. Qatar, Oman and the United Arab Emirates (UAE). Knwait and Saudi Arabia were Iraq's main fmancial backers in the eight-year war, and

GENEVA (Agencies) — A five-

of the disputed Western Sahara

U.N: Secretary-General Perez

de Cuellar said last week he was

pressing for the first direct talks

between the two sides. However,

Morocco bad served word before

its delegation left for Geneva that

Rabat did not plan face-to-face.

An expert mission to the for-

mer Spanish colony and neigh-

bouring countries, originally

hoped to leave shortly, likely will

be delayed until the end of July,

U.N. spokeswoman Nadia

The mission would make re-

commendations on the size of a

future U.N. peacekeeping force.

which the U.N. Security Council

A U.N. statement issued after

meetings with officials from both

sides cited new progress "towards

a just and honourable settle-

ment" of the dispute through a

But U.N. officials declined to

elaborate, and both delegations

refused to answer press queries.

code of conduct during the re-

ferendum campaign, an extension

Topics in the talks included a

Younis said Monday.

endorsed last month.

referendum.

meetings.

bargain directly about the future said.

KUWAIT (R) — Kuwait and Baghdad also got snbstantial during last week's 'Eid Al Adha. Iran, in their first high-level amounts of aid from Bahrain, Sheikh Jaber, speaking before Qatar and the UAE.

> Following his 'talks Monday with the Kuwaiti foreign minister, Velayati Tuesday handed the emir of Kuwait, Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah, a message from Iranian President Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani.

> Velayati met Prime Minister and Crown Prince Sheikh Saad Al Abdullah Al Sabah earlier

> KUNA, which reported the two meetings, did not disclose the contents of Rafsanjani's message or say what the two men discussed with Velayati, whose visit underlined a steady improvement in Kuwaiti-Iranian relations.

During the war Kuwait, nest-ling at the northern end of the Gulf within range of Iraqi and Iranian guns, at times appeared on the verge of being dragged into the conflict.

Kuwait, whose oil wealth rates it among the world's richest nations, was hit by a series of bomb attacks in the 1980s which were blamed on pro-Iranian militants. It was also the target of several Iranian missile attacks.

Kuwait sought naval protection from the United States, Iran's United Nations efforts to reach a arch-enemy, after attacks on its oil tankers that were attributed to

> The August 1988 ceasefire put Iran and Kuwait on the path of rapprochement. Iran's first bassador since the war took up his post in Kuwait several months ago and Kuwait, whose 1.8 million population includes a large Iranian community, promptly sent aid to victims of last month's devastating earthquake in Iran.

The emir, out of respect and sympathy for the estimated 40,000 killed by the quake, cancelled his customary audience

Morocco-Polisario talks

day U.N. effort to make Morocco ties of a direct dialogue under

and the Polisario Front guerrillas U.N. auspices, the statement

of the current truce and possibili-

Morocco claims the Western

Sahara, which it annexed after

Spanish colonial administration

ended in 1975, and has since

fought Polisario, which is seeking

Both sides agreed in August

1988 to negotiate over a draft

settlement providing for a U.N.-

supervised ceasefire, troop with-

drawal and referendum to allow

people in the phosphate-rich area

to choose between independence

Perez de Cuellar apparently

and integration with Morocco.

boped to build on his success in

arranging the first direct Iran-

Iraq peace talks last Tuesday.

which were aimed at reviving the

Perez de Cuellar cancelled a

trip to Addis Ababa, where he

was due to attend the opening

Monday of an annual African

summit, in the hope of hosting

the first direct talks between the

stalled negotiations.

independence.

the inaugural session of a revived parliament Monday, said Kuwait viewed with optimism what he called the new phase of relations

between Iraq and Iran. An Iranian newspaper which is close to Rafsaniani hailed Velayati's visit as a turning point in regional developments.

"Cooperation, coordination and solidarity among regional countries can definitely enhance the position of Muslim nations vis-a-vis a united Europe and this ever-ehanging world," the English-language Tehran Times said.

A senior Kuwaiti official said Velayati and Sheikh Sabah also discussed the issue of Kuwaiti fishing boats seized by the Ira-

He gave no details, but Kuwaiti islands are only about 30 kilometres away from Iran, and fishing vessels have often strayed, ending up in Iranian hands.

While the accent in Velayati's talks was on bilateral ties, diplomatic sources said Kuwait and other GCC countries also are keen to contain a persisting rift between Tehran and Saudi Ara-

Saudi Arabia ruptured its ties with Iran in April 1988, accusing the Iranian leaders of terrorism during the annual pilgrimage at

With Iran's recent earthquake disaster, Saudi Arabia however led a massive airlift of relief supplies to Tehran for the victims, raising GCC hopes of a reconciliation between Tehran

Relations between Saudi Arabia and Iran recently plummeted again when 1,426 pilgrims were killed in a stampede inside a

political campaigning ahead of a

pedestrian tunnel in Mecca.

ancient and modern, a president U.N. chief fails to set up elected in a free and democratie manner." Hussein said. The Iraqi president has in the

"It is the people who will decide whom to elect, Saddam Hussein or another," the Iraqi elections later this year, giving the country, for the first time in leader said. "He who will be chosen by the people will be the best. We believe in the people's

will elect president this year

Saddam Hussein says Iragis

He said he would allow the Western media to cover the elections "so they see for themselves Israel" should the Jewish state whether they are carried out democratically.

Asked about Iraq's chemical weapons capability and reports that it is building a "super gun," the Iraqi leader said: "It is not a crime, if one considers what is happening in the rest of the world, that a state possesses arms to defend itself. We do exactly what France does to assure its own defence... but the arms we possess are not as efficient as those France has,"

Hussein denied reports Iraq

sate for Israel's, we see no incon-

salem. The group says that 1,309 Palestinian

killed since the start of the intifada in December

hs are in overcrowded jails and 153 have been

He said Iraq had information Israel was laying the groundwork for another attack. "... If Israel were to attack Iraq or threatened to use the nuclear power it possesses against Iraq, we would have arms capable of burning half of Israel," Hussein said.

Israel, which denies possessing nuclear weapons, attacked an Iraqi nuclear reactor under construction in 1981. Iraq has in the past threatened to use chemical weapons against Israel.

Asked if he aimed to "wipe Israel off the map," he said: "We never said that. What we said was that if Israel attacked Iraq, or threatened it with its nuclear weaponry, Iraq had the capacity to scorch half of Israel."

France has been a major arms supplier to Baghdad. But Hussein was developing a nuclear confirmed French government weapon, but added: "If any statements that France was not tions, but without mentioning a Western state wanted to help us . currently delivering arms to Iraq.

\$3.1b U.S.-Saudi tank deal signed

Arabia has signed a \$3.1 billion cleared Congress without formal deal to buy 315 M-1A2 tanks and objection. support equipment from General Dynamics Corp., the U.S. De. Saudi Arabia agreed to the fence Department said Monday.

The deal, which was approved by the U.S. Congress last year but has been awaiting a final Saudi go-ahead, was signed Suncial boost for the big U.S. de- construction and munitions, the fence firm.

General Dynamics said it was very pleased by the agreement, tanks to the Saudis between 1993 and 1995.

The U.S. army decided last year not to buy any more M-1 tanks, and officials at General Dynamics said Monday the Saudi deal would allow the firm to keep open at least one of its two plants - the one at Lima, Ohio - and perhaps its second plant at War-

The Bush administration said when it asked Congress to allow the deal last autumn that the tanks would bolster Saudi defences against potential threats as well as reinforcing its trust and confidence in Washington's sup-port of Arab states.

The United States gave concessions to Israel at the time and avoided a bruising battle with the powerful pro-Israel lobby on

WASHINGTON (R) - Sandi Capitol Hill. The proposal

On July 8, the Kingdom of

tanks from the United States. the Defence Department said Monday in a brief news release. "With support equipment, day. It will provide a major finan-spare parts, training, facilities

value of the sale-will total over three billion dollars." Defence industry officials said under which it would deliver the earlier that an agreement by the Saudis to go ahead with the tank deal could provide a boost to

General Dynamics towards other foreign tank deals. Those officials said the firm was also hoping to convince Britain to buy M-1A2s instead of either British, French or West

German tanks. In addition to the tank deal, the Bush administration announced plans last month for another \$1 billion arms deal with Sandi Arabia, including armoured vehicles, anti-tank missiles and upgrading of airborne

radar-warning planes.

Congress has not vetoed that deal to date after the Defence Department emphasised that the equipment was mainly of a defensive nature and would not threaten Israel.

S. Arabia condemns Iranian 'sick voices'

NICOSIA (R) - Saudi Arabia the English-language newspaper denounced "sick voices" in Iran Kayhan International said the Monday for ehallenging its disaster was not an accident. account of a stampede in a tunnel. Kayhan claimed the stampede near Mecca in which more than 1,400 pilgrims were killed.

The Saudi Press Agency, moni-ored in Nicosia, quoted an offi-ial source as saying: "Sick voices violence in which he said Iranians tored in Nicosia, quoted an official source as saying: "Sick voices in Iran lanuched through the in- were involved, including antiformation media and rulers ... a American riots during the 1987

Saudi Arabia has blamed last killed. week's disaster on panie by pilgrims and their failure to follow instructions. It said the deaths of 1.426 people was an act of God. In Iran, Parliamentary Speaker

misleading campaign of lies on pilgrimage in which at least 400 the tunnel incident." people, mostly Iranians, were He also cited bombings near Mecca last year in which a Paki-

during the annual pilgrimage

started after Saudi security forces

stani pilgrim was killed and 16 people were wounded. Saudi Arabia subsequently beheaded 16 Mehdi Karrubi accused the Saudi Kuwaitis, including 10 of francau Arabians of incompetence, while origin, after finding them guilty.

Shahal wants to lead Israeli Labour

ARGUMENT AGAINST SYMPATHY: As

orthodox Jewish man argues with a group of

Israeli demonstrators protesting against the number: of Palestinian youths jailed in Jera-

PARIS (Agencies) — Iraqi President Saddam Hussein said on

French Television Monday that

he hoped to hold presidential

its long history, a freely elected

Hussein, in an interview with

TF1, denied Iraq had nuclear

weapons, but said his country had

arms capable of "burning half of

In the interview, conducted Sunday night in Baghdad and

shown Monday on the evening

news here, Hussein said he in-

tended to put his presidency on

"This year, if God wills it,

there will be presidential elec-

tions, and there will be for the

first time in the history of Iraq,

past talked of holding free elec-

the line with free elections.

carry out another attack.

TEL'AVIV (R) - Former Energy, Minister Moshe Shahal has declared his candidacy to lead Israel's troubled Labour Party, saying he would seek agreement with the United States on peace with Palestinians.

But at 56, Shahal lacks the "Further progress was re-

The two sides have met only

two sides since January 1989. Both sides have accepted the idea of a self-determination vote supervised by the United Nations but still disagree on the size of the military and administrative presence Morocco should be allowed to leave behind during campaign-

self-determination referendum to be held in the territory. Perez de Cuellar prepared

peace plan that provides for a ceasefire and a referendum for the mostly desert territory's population to choose between integration into Morocco or independence.

Perez de Cuellar also asked the two sides not to resume military operations. The spokeswoman gave no clue

as to whether the next round of talks would see Moroccan and Polisario officials sit in the same room with U.N. officials.

corded towards a just and houourable settlement of the Western Sahara question, through a credible referendum," she said.

once, when King Hassan received Polisario leaders in January 1989 in the Moroccan city of Marrakesh. But he has shunned further contacts.

But diplomats said Moroccan Foreign Minister Abdul Latif Filali resisted strong pressure from the U.N. chief who had suggested that time bad come for Spokeswoman Younis said the ing and voting. talks had focused on a code of

would give Israel confidence to

begin peace talks. Shahal, an Iraqi-born lawyer

and protege of party leader Shi- must control "strategic areas" in mon Peres, said he represented the West Bank for "security's the younger generation which sake.' was ready to change the party's He

popularity of Peres, 66, and former Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin, 68, who recently challenged Peres for the party lead-

"The Labour Party must sign a new strategic document between us and the United States that will determine three 'noes' - no to returning to 1967 borders, no division of Jerusalem ... and no to the creation of a Palestinian state between us and Jordan," Shahal told reporters.

The United States is Israel's guardian ally, supplying \$3 billion a year in military and economic aid. Shahal said an agreement on led Palestinian in the U.S.-propthe final aims of negotiations osed peace talks in Cairo.

Shahal's stance reflects Labour's traditional position in favour of trading some of the occupied territories in return for peace. Labour opposes a Palescinian state and maintains Israel

He said Peres and Rabin bore joint responsibility for the party's failure to form a government committed to peace talks with Palestinians. Labour brought down its coali-

tion with Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir of the rival Likud party in March but fell short of winning the 61 votes needed to form its own coalition. Labour and Likud split over

the participation of 150,000 Palestinians in Arab Jerusalem in peace efforts. Likud said their participation would call into question the "status" of Jerusalem as Israel's "undivided, eternal capital."

But Labour said they should be represented along with an expel-

G-7 summit (Continued from page 1)

Union which has dominated this 16th annual economic summit of the Group of Seven, The aid issue is expected to be

addressed in an economie communique to be released Wednesday. The leaders are expected to agree to have a study done on the Soviet economy to determine its needs, and allow each country to help Gorbachev in its own way.

The statement clearly represented a compromise, U.S. President George Bush and West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl have been at odds on whether to offer immediate aid to help Gorbachev's struggling economy. The pobtical communique said

democratic and economie reforms in the Soviet Union will put Moscow "in a position to fulfil its responsibilities in the community of nations." It added: "We welcome the

intention of the Soviet Union to increasingly democratise its political system and also Soviet moves to reform the economy of the country according to marketpriented principles." The communique also deman-

ded the release of all hostages held in Lebanon by pro-Iranian factions, saying they had suffered

Jordanian (RJ) information depart-

ment at the Queen Alia Inte Airport Tel. (08)53200-5,

Israel detains thousands of Palestinians — Amnesty

imprisoned for political reasons or ethnic groups. in Israel and the occupied territories during 1989, Amnesty International said Wednesday.

In Israel and the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, more than 260 unarmed Palestinian civilians were shot dead by Israeli forces, many in a pattern suggesting the government was actively encouraging extrajudicial executions, Amnesty said in its annual report. Judicial executions increased

during the year in Iran, where at least 1,000 people were hanged under a new law imposing the death penalty as mandatory for drugs possession, the report said.
"Saudi Arabia and the Arab Republic of Yemen saw dramatic

increases in the number of death sentenes and executions, by hanging, beheading and stoning, Amnesty said. Widespread torture continued

in most Middle East countries, often used indiscriminately during interrogation or as a punishment, the report added.

In general, Amnesty said, thousands of people were impris-oned in the Middle East during

LONDON (Agencies) - 1989 by governments repressing Thousands of Palestinians were political opponents and religious

The London-based human rights group, said that thousands of political prisoners were imprisoned in Iraq, many of them members of Kurdish

opposition groups. It also said Egypt had detained more than 8,000 alleged supporters of Islamic opposition groups for periods of one to three months without charges, some repeatedly

Government forces in Lebanon arbitrarily arrested hundreds of suspected political opponents, while in Syria thousands of political opponents remained in detention under emergency laws, Amnesty said.

It added that Shi'ite Muslim leaders and their followers were detained in Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Bahrain, often without charge or trial, for alleged political opposition.

Hundreds of people were also arrested in Saudi Arabia during the holy pilgrimage following bomb attacks in Mecca, Amnesty said, and 16 Kuwaitis were executed in Saudi Arabia in connection with the attacks.

JORDAN TELEVISION

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Assemblies of God Church, To 632785.
St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590.
Church of the Annuaciation To 637440.
De la Saille Clearch Tel. 661757
Terranenta Church Tel: 622366
Church of the Assumedation To 623541.
Anglican Church Tel. 625383, To 628543.
Armenian Catholic Church To 771331.
Armenies Orthodox Church To
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St. Ephraim Church Tcl. 771751.
Amena International Church To 685326.
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WEATHER

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Blood Bank 775121
Highway Police 843402
Traffic Police
Public Security Department 630321
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Price Complaints
Water and Sewerage
Complaints 897467
Anman Municipality
Complete 797111
Telephone Information
Complaints 78711]. Telephone Information (directory assistance) 171
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JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

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DEPARTURES

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

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WFP to provide \$1.8 m emergency assistance

Prop. AMMAN (J.T.) — Upon recom-ting in mendation by the Executive Director of the World Food Prog-Breed or the worse rest proggreed ramme, will provide emergency had be food assistance to the drought-had affected small farmers and live-partment stock breeders in the eastern and districts of the King-dom, at a total cost of more than

y official culture Sulaiman Arabiyat and culture Sulaiman Arabiyat and Jordan's request for such assisty official culture Sulaiman Arabiyat accement a Ingram during the latter's visit to with the Lordan last month.

The emergency ass

The emergency assistance will comprise the distribution of 4255 tonnes of wheat flour, 215 tonnes of vegetable oil and 430 townes of ench or be

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an average of 6 members per family and for a period of 135 days from the date of food shipments arrive to Jordan in Novem-

To determine the number of small farmers and livestock owners in the governorates of Ma'an. Karak and Tafileh, who were most seriously affected by the drought, a field assessment was carried out in May jointly by the office of the World Food Programme (WFP) in Amman and the Ministry of Agriculture, and with the participation of the agricultural directorates at these govern-

Two thousand and four hun-

pulses to 17,500 farm families at owners in Ma'an Governorate, 6.250 farmers and 1.842 livestock owners in Karak Governorate and 3,255 farmers and 1,260 livestock owners in Tafileh Governorate who own a maximum of 100 dunums of arable land and 100 heads of live-stock will be be-

nefiting from the assistance. The emergency food assistance represents partial compensation for the : losses inflicted on the small farmers and their cereal crops and small livestock owners on their grazing land as a result of the drought that occured during the 1989/90 agricultural season.

With this emergency assistance, the total WFP aid to Jordan during the years 1990/95 will dred farmers and 2,456 livestock amount to almost \$35 million.

Jerash Festival opens today

the ninth Jerash Festival of Culture and Arts at a ceremony to be held under the patronage of Her Majesty Queen Noor.

The Queen is expected to light the torch, formally declaring the 17-day festival open for the public and for activities by folk troupes from eight foreign and four Arab countries.

Several folk troupes from Jordan will participate in this year's activities along with poets from many Arab states who will have poetry recitals almost daily.

"Although the Jerash festival 1990 is scaled down in terms of international participation this year, the event will be another landmark in Jordan's efforts to present its artistic and cultural

AMMAN (J.T.) — The ancient standards and traditions to the Greco-Roman city of Jerash will outside world," according to come to life once again Wednes- Akram Masarweh, directorday with the official opening of general of the festival's organising committee.

Entry charges and prices of tickets for the various performances at the theatres and open-air sites are in the same range as last year: JD 1 for entry and tickets ranging from JD 1 to JD 6 per

Queen Noor inaugurated the first festival in 1981 when a special festival committee was created to supervise the events.

On Monday, the Queen toured the various sites of the Jerash festival, inspecting last minute preparations for the opening day.

The Queen was accompanied on her tour by Masarweh and committee members as well as the Jerash district governor, the mayor and other officials.

ACC ministers present outline of discussions on environment

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty ministers from Iraq, Yemen, environment. It also aims at coor-King Hussein received at the Egypt and Jordan will study a dinating ACC strategies in dis-Council (ACC) countries.

General Hilmi Nammar, the ministers presented an outline of the deliberations they opened Tuesday to discuss coordination among the ACC member countries in local government affairs and means of protecting the en-

At their two-day meeting the

AMMAN (J.T.) — Minister of

Awgaf and Islamic Affairs Ali

Faqir Tuesday confirmed that

only four Jordanian pilgrims had

died in the stampede near Mecca

on the Eid Al Adha day on July

2, and that 14 other pilgrims: from Jordan and the occupied

Arab territories died of old age

Addressing a press cooference

following his return from Mecca,

the minister said that two elderly

pilgrims are still receiving treat-

ment at Saudi hospitals and that

46 pilgrims, including 18 from the

Gaza Strip, did not report to the

Jordanian mission in Mecca and

Fagir said that the 46 could

have delayed their return to Jor-

ment in Saudi Arabia, but their

passports and their return bus

tickets have been handed over to

the Jordanian consulate in Jed-

dan in order to search for employ-

are still unaccounted for.

and disease.

Royal Court Tuesday ministers draft agreement on cooperation posing of dangerous waste and at responsible for the protection of in protecting the environment the environment in the four- and an executive programme for member Arah Cooperation the implementation of an ACC agreement on local government. At the outset of the session the

At the meeting, which was ministers delivered speeches exattended by ACC Secretary-pressing their countries keenness on following up measures to ensure protection for the environ-

Faqir satisfied with pilgrimage

despite 'certain shortcomings'

The Ministry of Awqaf and

The minister announced at the

press conference that several offi-

cials at the national agency re-

sponsible for pilgrimage will be

referred to court for trial for their

failure to carry out their duties

and responsibilities during the pilgrimage season especially in

He said that some of those

officials failed taking proper ac-

tion regarding travel facilities and

providing the required services.

cy's board of directors of pre-

meditating to make the pilgrim-

age season a failure for Jordan,

and said that the ministry had

The minister accused the agen-

Mecca and named those who died said.

The agreement on environlaunch close cooperation among tionally in matters related to the twinning of Arab cities.

their travel

Mecca.

of natural causes.

preparing a contingency plan to

Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Abdul Karim Al Dughmi said that the ministers will discuss ways of promoting ACC cooperation in local government fields in the light of the agreement which mental affairs is designed to also calls for stepping up an exchange of expertise and informathe four states to nuify their tion and organising training position regionally and interna- courses for municipal staff and

failures have confessed.

Islamie Affairs Sunday said that administrative measures against

four pilgrims were killed in the those shirking responsibility or stampede inside a tunnel near failing in their duty," the minister

"The ministry is going to take

"The Ministry of Awqaf and

Islamic Affairs has made arrange-

ments for every 10 pilgrims to be

put up in a large room, thus

providing better accommodation

facilities than those offered to

pilgrims from other countries

who had to crowd at the rate of 15

pilgrims to a room," Fagir

He said that each pilgrim paid

this year JD 45, less than last

year's charges, and that the pil-

grimage season was successful on

the whole despite certain short-

Faqir thanked the Saudi Ara-

bian government for the assist-

ance and facilities offered to the

pointed ont.

pilgrims.

Ambiguity over Petra Bank's fate stirs unrest among its employees

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Amid reports that the financially troubled Petra Bank is about to be liquidated to make way for another banking institution of a different nature, the association representing its 700 employees has vowed to resist any changes that would result in

"While we do not exactly know what is going to happen to Petra Bank, we do know that we will not allow any of its employees to lose his or her job," said Haidar Rashid, president of the Association of Banking and Insurance Employees in Jordan, "One of the main elements in an agreement we signed (with the management committee of Petra Bank) earlier this year is a stipulation that the employees of the bank will not lose their iobs to matter what happens to the bank."

Rashid was referring to an accord that ended a week-long 'protest action" by Petra Bank employees in April Pointing out that the agreement was: endorsed by the Ministry of Labour, he said, "the government also has an equal responsibility to ensure that the terms

The association headed by Rashid is an umbrella organisation for all banking and insurance sector employees

with an estimated membership strength of about 6,000. According to Rashid, about 80 per cent of Petra Bank's 700 employees are formal members and "95 per cent are very close to the association."

Petra Bank employees said reports in the local press, suggesting that they might be given "compensation" instead of employment guarantees under an envisaged plan to liquidate the bank, had stirred unrest in several branches Tuesday. "We are totally in the dark about our fate," said a woman employee who asked not be identified. "Reports are now talking about 'termination compensation' instead of guaranteed continued employment, and this possibility has upset many of us."

Against the thick veil of secrecy drawn by the management committee and other authorities over whatever fate awaits the bank, all kinds of speculation have hit the local scene, and "this has led to further complicating the situation," according to an econom-

Rashid, an officer of the Jordan National Bank, told the Jordan Times Tuesday the association was seeking a meeting with the minister of labour to reaffirm its position and clarify the ambiguity surrounding the fate of Petra Bank. "We are also planning to hold a general meeting for

all Petra Bank employees to discuss the situation and draw up a strategy if they are threatened with loss of joh," be said. "However, we believe that the government has yet to take a final decision on the bank's future. In the meantime, we believe that we have a right to know what is going

"As a trade union, it is also our duty to ensure that none of our members loses his or her joh," he said. "We will adopt whatever action is agreed upon to achieve this end.'

According to informed sources, the government is studying several proposals forwarded to it by the management committee of the bank which has been steadily losing money even after the government took it over in August last year. At least two sources said the government was in favour of a proposal calling for the liquidation of the bank and creation of another entity in its place which will retain most of the present employees.

A usually reliable source said last month that the government was on the verge of announcing its decision. But no announcement was made during the month, leading to speculation that the relevant were supposed to recommend feasible action to the Council of Ministers, were either having second thoughts or the

government was studying their recommendations. A senior official said late last month that no issue related to Petra Bank had been placed before the Cabinet yet.

Unconfirmed reports have said that the new entity will be oriented as an "export promotion hank" - one of the ideas under consideration by the Ministry of Industry and Trade in its efforts to increase Jordan's exports. Few details have emerged of the plan, which, according to sources, focuses on an entity which can provide export credits and enconrage

foreign investments. A report which appeared in the local press Tuesday said all deposits of the public with Petra Bank would be transferred to another unnamed bank and a new company will be set up to handle issues related to Petra Bank's debts. The report, which attributed the information to unidentified "wellinformed sources," said the bank's creditors as well as debtors would be linked to the new company, "which will operate under Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ) supervision."

No official or independent confirmation of the report was immediately available but a source close to the bank said ate," and declined to elaborate.

"One thing is certain," said a banking source. "A merger of Petra Bank with the Jordan Gulf Bank (as originally planned in August last year) is on longer in the cards."

According to Tuesday's report in the press, the CBJ has already pumped in about JD 200 million to help Petra Bank since its take-over in August.

CBJ Governor Mohammad Saced Nabulsi has said that the government had guaranteed that on depositor with Petra Bank would lose anything. The total amount of public deposits with Petra Bank is estimated at around JD 130 million.

The source quoted in Tnesdays press report denied suggestions that an nnnamed banking institution from the Gulf may "buy" Petra Bank. But a source contacted by the Jordan Times said the potential buyer was "very much interested.

According to banking circles, the total debts of Petra Bank, excluding public deposits, are in the region of JD 270 million to JD 280 million, and the source told the Jordan Times that the "potential buyer" was interested in the bank minus its debts. The potential buyer, according to the source, "prefers to leave the problem of debts to the CBJ and other concerned anthorities after taking into consideration the debts while determining the purchase value of the bank." The source declined to give any suggested "purchase value" for the bank.

Gorbachev

(Continued from page 1)

Asked if he thought Ligachev's

Prokofiev told reporters that

political career was over, Proko-fiev replied, "Yes, 1 think so."

Vladimir Ivashko, president of

the Ukraine, the Soviet Union's

second largest republic and a key

agricultural and energy

producing region, was the

favourite for the new post of

The number two man is ex-

pected to play a greater role in

running the party because Gor-

more closely to Moscow.

would settle the problem.

territory like feudal lords.

Gorbachev's deputy.

Indian envoy arrives today with message from Singh

AMMAN (J.T.) — A senior Indian official is expected to arrive here Wednesday carrying a mes-sage from Prime Minister V.P. Singh to His Majesty King Husseln, diplomatic sources said Tuesday. They said the message, carried

by Upper House Deputy Speaker Nejma Hebtullah, deals with bilateral relations as well as the dispute between India and Pakistan over the Kashmir Valley. Although fears of a war between India and Pakistan have

receded after both sides redeploved their burder forces, New Delhi and Islamabad are pursuing diplomatic offensives aimed at securing international support for their respective positions in the conflict.

During her visit to Jordan, Hehtullah, a member of the opposition Congress (I) Party of former Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi, will also hold talks with Upper House of Parliament Speaker Ahmad Lawzi and Lower Honse Speaker Suleiman Arar, according to the sources. Hebtuliah leaves Amman Friday.

bachev also is the country's presi-The Indian politician's visit to dent. Selection of Ivashko also Jordan coincides with a tour of could be a bid to mp separatist Arab states by Pakistani Prime currents in the Ukraine, and tie it Minister Benazir Bhutto aimed at gaining backing for Islamabad's stand in the Kashmir dispute Gorbachev acknowledged that his attention has been divided prior to a meeting of Islamic foreign ministers in Cairo later between the Soviet presidency and the party leadership, but that this month. Bhutto, who was in he hoped a new party structure Baghdad Tuesday bolding talks with Iraqi President Saddam Hus-He warned traditionalists at the sein, is scheduled to visit Kuwait. opening of Tuesday's session they Qatar and the United Arab Emicould not continue ruling their

Jordan stresses need to help Palestinian education.

Minister Mobammad Hamdan attempts to forge, tamper with or said Tuesday that the Palestinians distort the curricula, "are currently facing the ugliest of all wars — a war designed to special radio and television prog-deprive the Palestinian students rammes for Palestinian students, of their right to education, uproot broadcast through Jordan radio them from their bistory and television," the minister said.

tions." nian Affairs, Hamdan said that Also addressing the session was

values.

schools from Israeli attempts to Palestinian children and students distort them, saying that the their basic right to education. ministry has applied the Jorda- Taking part in the meetings are nian school curricula in the West representatives of Syria, Jordan, Bank school since the Israeli Egypt, Palestine and the Arab occupation of the territory in League.

AMMAN (Petra) - Education 1967 and has foiled all Israeli

"The ministry has produced

poison their national aspira- Hamdan pointed out that the massive flow of Soviet emigres to Addressing the opening session the occupied Arab territories of a five-day meeting of the Arab pose real dangers to the present Educational Council for Palesti- and future Arab generations.

Israel plans to close "Palestinian a senior official from the Arab educational institutions, disrupt League's Palestine Department the education curricula and pro- who called on the council to "live cess in the occupied Arah terri- up to the great expectations pintories and distort historical facts ned on it by formulating and which strengthen the bonds be- adopting recommendations captween these students and the able of foiling the Israeli plans. eultural and human Arah "Samir Mansouri, head of the Arab League Palestine Follow Up sec-Hamdan said that strong rela-tion, said the council shoulders tions between Jordan and Pales- great responsibilities towards the tine have united the national con-Palestinian students under these cerns of the two peoples and circumstances when schools and prompted them to intensify universities are closed indefiniteefforts at all levels to counter the ly by the Israeli authorities. He ehallanges posed by Israel. said that schools and universities have been closed since the begintry's efforts to safeguard the ning of the Palestinian uprising 32 : school curricula in West Bank months ago, thus denying the

Thousands of Iragi tourists visit Jordan By Caroline Faraj

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed

EXHIBITIONS

Open studio and workshop for artist Samia Zaru displaying paintings, scalptures and hand-printed fabrics. Location: off

Rybibition of ceramics, sculpture and paintings by Gastone

Plastic art exhibition by Rudaina and Ruba Haddad at the

Film entitled "Comfort and Joy" at the British Council — 6:00

* Film entitled "Madame Sonsatska" at the Philadelphia movie

JERASH FESTIVAL

Concert by Knwaiti singer Nabil Shu'all at the South Theatre —

Concerts by Jordan Armed Forces Band (6:00 - 7:00 p.m.), a

local folk troupe (7:09 - 8:00 p.m.) and Jordan National Troupe

* Arabic children's play at Artemis steps — 7:30 - 9:00 p.m.

paintings, sculptures and hand-printed mores. Located. 2nd Circle, opposite Rosenthal (9:30-1:30 and 3:30-6:30).

time and place with the concerned institutions.

AMMAN — At least 18,000 Iradi nationals have so far visited Jordan's archaeological and tourist sites this summer and greater numbers are expected to come to the Kingdom this year, according to Minister of Tourism Abdul Karim Kabariti.

The minister told the Jordan Times that at least 10,977 Iraqis had arrived by air and nearly 1.300 others by land on a monthly

The minister said that Iraqi nationals are now free to travel 743, KM * abroad following the lifting of restrictions imposed on them during the eight-year long Gulf conflict. Earlier this year the minister was quoted as saying that as many as 100,000 Iraqis could be visiting the Kingdom based to the Kingdom the Kingdom, boosting the tour-

ism industry in the country and

Primor at Alia Art Gallery.

Housing Bank Complex ball.

(8:39 - 9:30 p.m.) at the Forum.

theatre - 9:00 p.m.

8:36 - 11:00 p.m.

further cementing brotherly ties between Iraq and Jordan.

The Jordanian government has made available ample facilities to accommodate the influx of tourists in Jordan especially during the summer, when expatriates are flooding the country visiting relatives and families. Kahariti added.

The Jordanian government has implemented all provisions in an agreement on cooperation in tourism signed by the four-member Arab Cooperation Council (ACC) of which Jordan is a member.

He said Jordan awaited the three other ACC members: Iraq, Yemen and Egypt to implement which calls for facilities to be given to ACC nationals visiting member countries.

National charter commission to hold plenary session Saturday

plenary session on Saturday to Obediat described work be review the work of specialised the sub-committee as progress members, according to an next month. announcement by the commis-

Commission members will be fully briefed on the progress of work conducted by the five subthe field of education and culture. legal affairs, political pluralism and the general framework, sub-

"Ideas by the sub-committees on economic and social life in Jordan and matters of national security will be reviewed at the meeting," Obeidat said. The sub-committees, be added, all the sub-committees.

AMMAN (J.T.) — The general have been holding a series of commission in charge of drafting meetings in the past week to be the national charter will hold a ready for the Saturday meeting.

Obediat described work by all sub-committees set up last month satisfactorily, and expressed beand discuss proposals that could lief that a major achievement be put forth to the committee could be made by the middle of The 60-member general com-

sion Chairman Ahmad Obeidat, mission, set up last April upon directives from His Majesty King Hussein, has been entrusted with drafting a national charter to committees, especially work in guide the democratisation process in Jordan At its last meeting, on June 2,

the commission set up five subcommittees to help the commission's endeavours in culture and education, pluralism, economic and social fields, national security and a general framework subcommittee to embody the work of

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

Ghababsheh opens scout camp

AJLOUN (Petra) - Youth Minister Ibrahim Ghababsheh Tuesday opened the first national scouting camp at Ajloun permanent scouting camp. Taking part in the camp are 88 scouts from various parts of the Kingdom. The 5th national scouts and guides camp was opened Tuesday at Princess Rahma Social Development Centre at Allan in Balqa governorate. Taking part in the camp are 250 scouts and girl guides from the various education departments throughout Jordan.

Jordanian-Egyptian Committee to discuss ties

AMMAN (Petra) - The Joint Jordanian-Egyptian Committee holds a meeting Thursday to discuss means of boosting commercial exchange and removing obstacles facing the smooth flow of merchandise between Jordan and Egypt. The Jordanian side to the meetings will be headed by the Ministry of Industry and Trade's Secretary General Ibrahim Badran while the Egyptian side will be chaired by the Ministry of Economy and External Trade Under-Secretary Fakhruddin Abu Al Izz. The two sides are expected to formulate a new trade protocol, with a value of \$300 million, to replace the \$250 million former protocol. The committee's decisions and recommendations will be submitted to the Higher Joint Jordanian-Egyptian Committee during its meeting in Amman next week.

Envoy to New Zealand named

AMMAN (Petra) — A Royal Decree has been issued endorsing the appointment of Saad Bataineh as non-resident ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to New Zealand.

Narcotics bureau warns Arabs of drugs spread

AMMAN (Petra) - The Department's Narcotics Depart-Narcotics Tuesday warned the Arab countries to take extra precautions to prevent heroin from being shifted to their regions from America.

The bureau chief, Brigadier Hashem Al Qaisi, told a meeting of officials in charge of combatting drug trafficking in the fourmember Arab Cooperation other societies of the world," Council (ACC) countries that recent heroin seizures point to the fact that smugglers from Latin America are planning to shift their illicit trade to the Arab area. closer cooperation among the Arab states in thwarting the traffickers plans," Qaisi said.

Opening the two-day meeting was Brigadier Izzeddin Zaza, director of the Public Security combat the illicit trade.

Amman-based Arab Bureau for ment, who said that, based on experts estimates, the 1990s are bound to witness an upsurge in the illict trade of drugs of all "The closer Arab societies

come in dealings with foreign countries, the greater is the chance for becoming exposed to the danger of drugs which plagues

He said more and more Arab students had been going abroad for studies and their stay in druginfested nations could bring ab-This calls for extra alertness and out adverse effects on them and the Arab society as a whole.

Zaza urged ACC states to coordinate their efforts towards uprooting the habit of drug taking by adopting effective measures to



Tourism Marketing Workshop

The Private Services Development Project (PSDP) will be sponsoring a three day Tourism Marketing Workshop from 22-24 July 1990 at the Jordan Inter-Continental Hotel, featuring international experts from The World Trade Institute of New York. Special attention will be given to:

MARKETING PLANS TOUR OPERATORS TRANSPORTATION SERVICES TRAVEL AGENTS RESTAURANTS/CATERING HOTEL OPERATIONS

Registration Fee: J.D. 60,000

Duration: Three Days ([uncheon Provided) For Information Concerning Registration Please Contact: - -

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Numbers vs. resources: Future is in the balance

TODAY marks World Population Day. World population has been growing steadily for many centuries, but during this century it has doubled and now stands at five billion. Jordan is at the top list of countries with the highest population growth rate. If the present rate continues, Jordan's population will reach six million by the turn of the century. Given the country's natural resources, arable land and water, the figure is very alarming. There will be great demand on education and medical services. There will be an increased demand for houses.

The main cities of the country will become overcrowded. Amman alone, at the moment housing over one million people, will jump the two million figure. And with 65 per cent of the po under 35 years of age, there will be a great demand for jobs and greater pressure on wage earners. In crowded cities, with less water for sanitation diseases associated with lack of hygiene will spread. And with increased shantytowns and rising unemploy-ment, crime, already on the rise, will become a frightening

This is not a doomsday prediction. Other countries in Latin America, Asia and Africa have gone through this experience before us. Nigeria is only one example and Lagos testifies to cities that have swelled out of all proportions.

A study made by the Ministry of Social Development has concluded that poverty, estimated at the moment at 22 per cent of the population, is rampant among families with 10 or more children. It is not a secret that parents with the highest number of children are the least educated and the poorest. They can never provide their children with enough medical and other types of care or adequate education. What people need is proper education in family planning matters. If it worked in India, why shouldn't it work in Jordan? A country's strength should not be measured by its population but by the quality of those people and the quality of life they lead.

The argument that the enemy is increasing its population while we contemplate reducing ours does not hold. The Israelis will face many problems settling the new immigrants. But they are receiving mainly grown-ups who apparently are highly educated and who can take up immediate jobs and start producing.

If we cannot feed our bubies with milk today, how do we expect

to do it when their numbers double? Those who contend that the West is conspiring against us with its advocacy of birth control must pause and think: What is in it for the West? If we were large West. If we were few but educated, productive, healthy and strong, then we are a strong adversary or friend, depending on what situation the world is in. We are only more than three million at the moment, but we have many problems. If we double our number our problems will only increase not decrease. We already lack food, water, schools, hospitals, transport, etc. What we need therefore is not numbers but numbers that count. Enlightened, educated and productive people, that is what we need.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

Al Ra'i Arabic daily on Tuesday discussed the continuing Soviet Jewish immigration to Palestine and called on Moscow to adopt a policy whereby its respect for the Jewish buman rights would not be linked to aggression on the Arabs and disregard their rights. We have waited a long time to hear Moscow or Washington openly condemn Israel's aggressive policies, but nothing has happened yet, said the paper. Indeed, the United States and other Western nations have been escalating political and informational campaigns against Iraq because they are determined to defend Israel's soil from aggression, and nothing has been said about Israel's expansionist moves, the paper continued. Furthermore, should the Arabs fail to take a proper move in the face of the ongoing immigration process, they are openly inviting Moscow and Washington to launch a devastating war on the Middle East region, said the paper. It said that the Soviet Union and the United States bear wime responsibility for the immigration of Jews to Palestine, and un can be considered joining the same extremist Israeli camp, encouraging the Zionists to pursue their expansionist and aggressive policies without any regard to the cause of peace, justice and stability in the region. We realise that the Arabs have not yet adopted a strong stand which rises to the level of the challenges, but it should be emphasised that this state of affairs can not be allowed to continue, and that sooner or later the world has to face a catastrophe, the paper said.

Writing in Al Ra'i daily Tuesday columnist Ibrahim Sakkijha strongly criticises the United States administration's policies in the Middle East especially Washington's decision to suspend its dialogue with the PLO. The writer notes that Israel, using American planes flown by Israeli, and probably American pilots, bave been raiding Lebanese territory, causing destruction and killing innocent women and children. The weapons pouring onto the Lebanese villages and refugee camps are American-made; and those who paid for them are the American tax payers, continues the writer. Indeed, the United States which is a superpower and holds grave responsibility towards world peace, is sending American terrorists to help Jewisb terrorists in their systematic aggression on the Arabs, while the U.S. administration continues to provide protection to Israel's atrocities through the veto at the U.N. Security Council, says the writer. Sakkijha says the U.S. administration found in an attempt by patriotic Palestinians trying to return to their homeland by boat an excuse for suspending its dialogue with the PLO, but it continues to condone the criminal actions of its Israeli ally in our region.

Al Dustour daily commented Tuesday on a visit to Kuwait by the Iranian foreign minister, expressing satisfaction with the visit which, it said, reflected Tehran's intentions to open a new chapter in its relations with its Arab neighbours. The visit is a significant move by Tehran which, during the eight-year-long war, had sought to involve Knwait as a party to the conflict which brought about untold devastation and loss of life, the paper noted. The Iranian foreign minister's visit to Kuwait which followed a face-to-face meeting with his Iraqi counterpart under U.N. auspices, can pave the way for a new positive and constructive atmosphere in the Gulf region, the paper added. But, it said, that this peaceful atmosphere which is now prevailing in the Gulf was brought about in the first place by the exchanges of good will messages between the Iraqi and Iranian leaderships which, said the paper, are now closer than ever before towards implementing U.N. Security Council Resolution 598 designed to bring permanent peace to the region.

Economic Forum

Monetary policy on threshold of new phase

THE Arab aid which started to flow into Jordan seems to herald the dawning of a new era in the country's monetary policy. The past and present era has been one of turbulence and over-preoccupation with the exchange rate of the Jordanian dinar. Ironically, we struggled first to destabilise, via devaluation, our currency then we struggled to balt its beadlong depreciation which almost took it to par with the U.S. dollar. During the last 12 months we struggled again to stabilise it, that is to undo what we most decidedly did.

The prospective Arah aid has two cardinal functions. The Treasury sells it to the Central Bank of Jordan in exchange for dinars. The Treasury uses the dinars to finance its deficit and hopefully to climinate it evenmally (Function No 1). The Central Bank uses the dollars donated by Arah countries to replenish and re-build its foreign exchange reserves and resells them to banks to finance our imports of goods and services (Function No 2). This process of reserve re-building is what will enable the monetary policy to move to a new. and different, stage.

In the new era, the Central Bank will have its own reserves. These include foreign exchange additional to the foreign currencies deposited with it - voluntarily be certain

 Arab central banks and compulsorily by Jordanian commercial banks mainly, or wholly, as legal reserves. These "own" reserves will be available to defend the dinar and to stabilise its rate at around 670 fils to the dollar. Such defence can be accomplished without the actual use of these reserves. Suffice it for speculators and money dealers to take note of their presence to refrain from playing around with currency trading. However, with the boost given to the reserves of the Central Bank by the additional expected Arab aid, it is no exaggeration to say that the battle of stabilising the exchange rate of the dinar has been won. We can

now confidently say that the dinar will be stable in the short run and well beyond that.

In the maze of the turnoil which accompanied the fall of the dinar, the Central Bank took a host of restrictive monetary measures which were truly inconsistent with our traditionally liberal monetary policy and economic system. Now it is time to plan the dismantling of these restrictive measures. We can justifiably expect the Central Bank to start just that and to do it in the nearest future. At least, this was the solid impression I gained from a very recent conversation with Dr. Mohammad Said Nabulsi, the governor the

Central Bank of Jordan.

The deep pre-occupation with the exchange rate affair, has been overshadowing other banking issues. Some of these issues may turn out to be sore problems. Nobody can properly tell what sort of issues and problems were seeded by the oil boom era but we know that there are some of them around. Bad dehts or troubled loans constitute a very good example. They are there but the important question relates to their unknown magnitude. Overbanking is another issue; and economy in recession cannot sustain the same number of banking institutions which it sustained in a boom. The new

economic circumstances require new thinking which can be provided only by different administrative mentality and probably by new administrators. Here we start to touch the more comprehensive process of the reform of the banking system. Actually this process was initiated when Petra Bank had been merged with the Jordan Gulf Bank last year. The complications of the exchange rate issue have been braking the process. Now that this issue has subsided, the hanking reform is poised for a takeoff. It could be safely said, that reforming the hanking system will be the pre-occupation of the monetary policy-makers in

By Dr. Abdalla Malki

'Line them up against the wall'

By Carey Goldberg Associated Press

MOSCOW - From the general who objected to giving away Eastern Europe to the woman who denounced Glasnost for corrupting youth, Russian communists have displayed a conservative bent that spells trouble for Mikhail S. Gorbachev.

The criticism of Gorbachev and the party's ruling Politburo including calls for the entire leadership to resign - reached such a crescendo at a party conference that Gorbachev remarked:

and party purges at the five-day meeting of communists in the key national party congress that government. opens in a week.

It was a forceful but worried Gorbacbev who took centre stage at the gathering's end Saturday to try to get the production running as he wanted, albeit at the 11th

Gorbachev told the 2,700 delemajority at the national congress, strong?

ideological sacrilege."

that they would have to accept

that "the party must become a

new party." Otherwise, he said.

"It will end up on the sidelines of

But the delegates showed they

were reluctant to accept his in-

novations in everything from the

military and foreign policy to the

Col. Gen. Albert Makashov

complained that in Eastern

Europe, "the Soviet army is being

driven out without a battle from

the countries that our fathers

Delegate Olga Akimkina

being distorted," and that the

party would lose its youth to the

new permissiveness.

Do we really think that if

shown, then young people will

become more patriotic and goal-

Gorbachev's reforms had danger-

pressure to allow Lithuania to

oriented?" she asked.

economy and culture.

freed from fascism."

history."

"The growing work of anti-socialist forces,

to weaken, and ultimately destroy, the

Communist Party from within by further-

ing revisionist tendencies that allow private

property, intra-party fractions and other

warned "the theory of socialism is and its basis will be Marxist-

more pornography and sex are he now has to not only remain at

One questioner warned that be a gift to those who want to

ously weakened the army. his powers of persuasion, includ-

Another complained that Soviet ing a sudden tone of urgencey,

president was ton tolerant of U.S. into his appeal against the split.

Perhaps the most telling com- that the communist party would

ments came from Yegor K. see it first major schism since the

Ligachev, known as the most time of Lenin.

conservative member of the Politburo and, according to one source, a contender against Gorbachev for the party's top post at the July 2 congress.

Ligachev comlained that the

party had been left out of several

major recent decisions, including the government's unpopular proposal for a gradual transition to a market economy. He also warned of "the growing work of anti-socialist forces to

weaken, and ultimately destroy, the Communist party from withhy furthering "revisionist tendencies" that allow private "All that's left is for one of the speakers to say, 'line them up against the wall.'"

Ligachev's complaints touched

There were calls for discipline on the essence of Gorbachev's reforms, and revealed one of the president's most controversial biggest Soviet party. It was considered a dress rebearsal for the some of the party's power to the Gorhachev is trying to move

the country away from ideology and toward a whatever-works philosophy.

But why should the Communist party support a man intent on giving away its power, when an alternative candidate pledges to gates, who will make up the struggle for keeping the party

Perhaps partly out of displea-

sure with his proposed changes in

the party's role, 38 per cent of the electors in one Moscow district

voted against Gorbachev's selec-

ference for the hard line by elect-

ing as their party chief Ivan

Polozkov, a man known for

quashing the fledgling private

husinesses allowed unde Gor-

toric that Gorbachev rarely re-

sorts to these days, he declared the party should be "loyal to the

ideas of the October revolution.

Leninist theory, socialist ideals."

Polozkov's election increased

the chances of a split in the party,

doubling Gorbachev's challenge

the party's belm, but keep it from

bury Perestroika," and threw all

He warned that a split "would

But with the national congress

a week away, odds remained high

breaking apart as well.

Using old-style ideological rhe-

bachev's reforms.

tion as a congress delegate. The delegates proved their pre-

There must be a secular solution for Lebanon

Wade R. Goria, assistant professor of modern Near Eastern History at New York University, is the author of Sovereignty and Leadership in Lebanon, 1943-1976. The following was excerpted from a longer article in The World and I.

By Wade R. Goria

AS long as Lebanon's crisis is linked to the regional concerns of Syria and Israel, a military or political solution is impossible. The only viable solution lies in internationalisation of the conflict via great-power intervention.

Relations among the world's major powers — the United States, the Soviet Union, France, Japan, Britain, China, and a soon-to-be-reunited Germany --are remarkably close at present compared with the climate of tension during the last century. The political system of each of the great powers seeks to preserve the separation of church and state. Each is, therefore, well suited to embrace the cause of

secularism in Lebanese politics. These powers have the military and financial capacity to ensure the prompt withdrawal of all non-Lebanese forces and institute radical change in the Lebanese system aimed at eliminating sectarianism. A new government founded on secular principles could be established with representatives selected in elections

supervised by the great powers. Only candidates running on a national, secular platform - such as, in theory, the Progressive Socialist Party of Walid Jumblatt or Amal under Nabih Berri would be admitted as candidates. All confessionally based parties should be banned. The platforms of movements such as Hizbollah are not only antithetical to the reestablishment of a united Lebanon but to religious tolerance in

The office of prime minister historically feeble - should be

aholished, since its existence undermines presidential accountability. A new Chamber of Deputies should be elected according to a districting plan that accurately reflects demographics.

Furthermore, the army must be. entirely reconstituted. Merit should replace confessionalism as the determinant of participation and promotion. Purely Maronite, Druze, and Shi'ite brigades should have no place in army life, as the existence of such brigades serves only to reinforce sectarianism, with its attendant exclusivism and mjustice.

Creating a national educational system that focuses on building unity through the eradication of religious intolerance must be an important long-rang goal. Political symbols such as a new flag that incorporates important aspects of each of the communities must replace the obsolete cedar of Lebanon flag, long associated with the Maronites and the Falangist Party.

Social amenities such as park and recreational facilities that principle provides the necessary still a violent species and violence serve the poor as well as the rich should be built.. A concerted Lebanon's conflict. effort should be made to replace Lebanon's archaic transportation system. Devoid of working rail-, based dictatorial rule similar to roads and a modern bus system." Lebanon's transportation system is based mainly on automobiles and taxis.

Without mass transportation, access between the various regions of Lchanon is denied to those who cannot afford private vehicles or taxis. This enforced isolation serves as an impediment to national unity, and its rectification is therefore vital.

Ever since confessionalism was

to Greek Orthodox and Greek Catholics. The latter two communities constitute nearly half a million citizens. The political influence of Greek Catholics and Greek Orthodox, long obscured would remain a divided countr due to Maronite preeminence over the Christian community, can foster equilibrium in the

Lebanese political equation. . great powers should recognise that unless they take decisive action the tragedy of Lebanon will continue.

Are there alternatives to a ecular solution that would maximise Lebanese political participation and promote the cause of . religious tolerance; so vital to the not to lose sight of new glob cultural life of the country?

In view of Lebanese diversity, the balance of domestic and regional forces, and the workable historical precedent for secular must become globally responsible ism established by the Principal to keep world order. Traditionally of Mount Lebanon and the state of the secular many destruction, the great power is to keep world order. Traditionally the state of the sta Reconstitution of the state based - in terms. However, at this stag on secular practice as well as of the world's evolution, we are

The grim alternatives to secularism include confessionally to secular democracies from fur the Alawi model in Syria; cantonisation, which would inevitably lead to more factionalism and violence; or Syrian or Israeli annexation, leading to the eradication of the political entity called Lebanon — which is no solution at all but simply an abandonment of the problem.

It is time for the great powers to put a stop to the contagion of violence and terror that is contemporary Lebanon. While im-

instituted in Lebanon during the portant events in Eastern Europ 1820s, it has been a source of have recently obscured Leb grave political, social and econo- non's ongoing tragedy, they have mie mjustices — not only to also pointed to the fact that i Shine, Sunni, and Druze but also country can operate in effective isolation

Furthermore, the great power were responsible for establishing the confessional system in the first place, ensuring that Lehand

A democratic, secular solution put in place hy the great powe would seem to violate Lehanon "Arab Face." But the devastation After 15 years of conflict, the of the last 15 years makes it qui clear that there is no Arab sol tion. The Arab League is imp tent, and no Arab country ha offered a solution that is backe with sufficient force to work.

Our world is changing so rapid ly and with such dramatic for that we must be especially ale opportunities and responsibil ties. As more countries ar themselves with weapons of ma

starting point for a solution to must be used wisely — to ever tually bring about global peace In the face of a growing challeng damentalists, we cannot afford t

allow situations like Lebanon A country tethered to confe sionalism while adopting th mantle of democracy is doome to destruction. While it is tru that secular democracies ar often flawed, the balance of forces in Lebanon makes a deme

cratic and secular solution th

Middle East Times

only viable option.

Mutt'n'Jeff

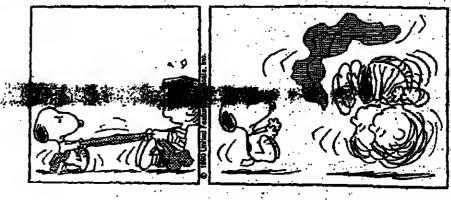
general.



Andy Capp



Peanuts





Ancient and new clash in old Damascus

By Martin Marris Associated Press

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the proglotus.

DAMASCUS, SYRIA - Perched on stilts, a boxey concrete building surmounts the remains of the 2,000-year-old Roman temple of Jupiter in teeming Damascus, dramatising the clash of old and new in this ancient

Abutting it, a modern, marbleclad temple of commerce with jewellers' shops and clothes boutiques stands just opposite the ancient Islamic medressah or school of Nur Ed-Din.

"It's a bad integration of the old and the new," said Nazih kawakibi, a professor of architecture at Damascus University and a member of several restoration committees. They

could have done it much better." Like many cities in the Middle East, Damascus is buiging at the seams and working hard to provide housing and services to a population estimated at 2 million.

Damascus is considered one of the oldest continuously inhabited city in the world. It is where the Arameans, nomads from the Arabian peninsula, settled in 1200 b.c., eventually building a city that became a key commercial center.

It has been occupied over the centuries by the Greeks, Romans, Byzantines, Arabs and Ottomans, leaving a treasure trove of monuments reflecting the cultural tides that have swept over the city.

Some ancient sites were venerated by all the occupiers, like the famed Ummayyad Mosque. The site originally was a temple to Haddad, the Arameans' God of thunder and lightning.

It later became the Romans' temple of Jupiter. The Byzantines built a cathedral there, but the Arabs transformed it into the mosque, named after the Islamic

Despite this cultural wealth, there are only limited resources available to preserve these sites. Kawakibi points out the

ancient medressah across the street, which is just on the edge of a straight, European-style avenue driven through the city by French colonisers in the 1930S.

They stopped here, they

didn't go further, thanks be to God," said the architect-restorationist, who has devoted his life to the preservation of his beloved old Damascus.

One 14th century Mamluk tomb has been rented to a merchant who sells multicolored cloth. He has destroyed the original lintel and cut a door through an ancient wall to allow access to

*Unless we propose a solution to blend those monuments with the commercial life of the old city of Damascus, this is the way it all will go," Kawakibi said.

"These buildings shouldn't function as commercial buildings, bnt as museums or cultural centers. They're all registered as historical monuments, but the law hasn't been able to prevent them from being transgressed."

In one old mosque, the antique wooden minbar or preacher's stand has been ripped out and left lying in the entrance to the building, to be replaced by a concrete

One architectural gem, the 11th century Nur Ed-Din hospital, is sandwiched between a modern shop selling Shawerma, thinly sliced meat wrapped in Arabic bread, and a jewellers' store. But it has miraculously survived and was restored in the late 1970s.

"Parasitic buildings accumulated around it but they're now just part of the ambience," said Kawakibi, a leading light behind the hospital's renovation,

Only one of the original stonelattice windows, carved in intricate geometric designs, had survived but it was faithfully copied by today's master craftsmen.

A few painted Koranic inscriptions remained on the domed ceilings, but instead of repainting them the restorers gently penciled in the missing portions of the holy book's text to respect the difference between old and the

A display case shows ancient herbal medicines, including one called " aphrodiac radish, diuretic, activates the functions of the

The ancient hospital, and dozens of other old buildings in the capital, are a welcome haven of tranquility in an otherwise



city life is the 11th century baths, reached through a small door in the middle of the teeming souk,

The baths, hammam in Arabic, had been through bad times and for a while were converted into a soap factory. When restorers began working on them, some parts were just piles of rubble.

Now, men sit swaddled in towels after taking their searing baths and massage, sipping boiling-hot tea from small glass cups and reading newspapers. They sit under a dome painted with complicated flowery designs.

The road to restoration isn't

When you're trying to renovate these buildings, there's a lot of protest because they don't understand what is meant by renovation," Kawakibi said.

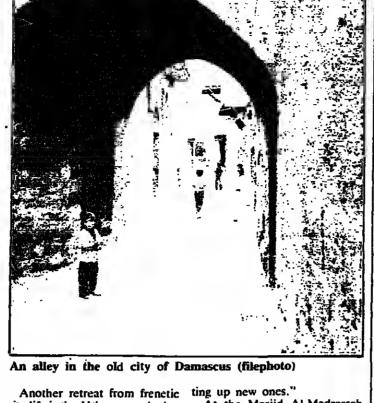
"They think you mean destroying the old buildings and put-

At the Masjid Al-Madrassah Al-Umariyah, which dates from the time of the 1st crusade. dozens of squatters who built

concrete shaks on the grounds of the ancient building are being In deciding how to proceed, the restorers rely on old drawings, their knowledge of the architectural practics of the time.

and sometimes old 19the and early 20th century photographs. In the 1960s, the government and experts drew up a master plan for the city, including providing services for the modern city and preserving the old, but the plan is now hopelessly out-

Even a devoted restorationist like Kawakibi acknowledges that "attention should be paid to modern problems more than old ones. We need infrastructure, telephones, transportation."



Caribbean chain, Trinidad and ican market. U.S. tourism to the Caribbean Tobago has been indifferent to pending introduction of a new the tourist industry for most of its dropped steadily in the second generation of aircraft with around

Trinidad flirting with Europe

But the decline in oil prices in

1982 drove Trinidad and Tobago

into a severe crisis, prompting a

concentrating "on the potential

By Bernd Debusmann

PORT OF SPAIN - Trinidad

and Tobago is setting out to woo

holidaymakers from faraway

Europe partly because tourist

planners fear a U.S. recession

Caribbean.

will cut American travel to the

market for us." said Bhoendra-

datt Tewarie, Minister of Indus-

try, Enterprise and Tourism.

Europeans stay longer and

spend more (than U.S. tourists)."

lands in the 3,200 kilometres

Unlike most of the other is-

'We feel Europe is a better

and shunning the United States history. Instead, the twin-island half of the 1980s, a period of fast 200 seats which make it more republic relied on income from growth in travel from Europe. And according to a study by the

> reapraisal of economic policies. tinations is expected to decline Now, the government is trying to diversify the one-legged eco-The emphasis on Europeans nomy and attract foreign invesappears to defy geographical logic: The air distance from Port tors as well as foreign tourists. of Spain to Miami, for example, Over the next five years, the is 2,600 kilometres. From Trinigovernment hopes to double the number of tourists, chiefly by dad to Europe, it is more than

> holiday market of Europe be-But world-wide, long-haul travel is expected to increase cause that market is more buoyant than the North Ameimuch faster than short-haul travel, partly because of the im-

8.000 kilometres.

profitable to serve low-volume destinations such as Trinidad and Tobago. country's newly-established tour-

ist development authority, U.S. 'We are aware of the damage tourism has inflicted in other travel to Caribbean holiday desparts of the world," said Tewarie. We will not allow that to happen

> The island's inhabitants appear determined that things should remain that way. A sign at Buccoo beach, launch-point for snorkelling and scuba-diving excursions to a coral reef teeming with underwater life, reflects the phi-

It says: " Waste nothing but time, take nothing but photographs, leave nothing but foot-

losophy.



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An artist's impression of life style and architecture of late 19th century Damascus



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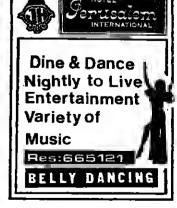
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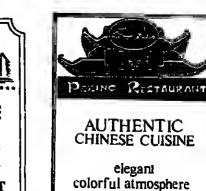
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UE FA lifts ban on all English soccer clubs except Liverpool

GENEVA (R) — The European Football Union (UEFA) said Tuesday it had lifted unconditionally a ban on English soccer clubs competing in Europe with immediate effect.

"We have decided after extensive discussions to bring back Aston Villa and Manchester United," UEFA President Lennart Johansson told reporters after a meeting of the UEFA Executive Commitie 'n Geneva.

They will be in the competition as of now... the only restrictions are those we place on any club, there is nothing specific to say."

He said League champions Liverpool remained banned for a further three years from today. English clubs bave been barred from Europe since 1985 after an European Cup Final riot involving Liverpool supporters at Brus-

sel's Heysel Stadium in which 39 prople were killed, most of them fans of Italian club Juventus. English Football Association (FA) Chairman Bert Millichip formally applied to have the ban lifted and also presented a report

ter Colin Movnihan "It is exactly what I had hoped for," Millichip said of Moynihan's report. He said be had

ROME (R) — Half the

population of the world tuned in

to watch at least part of the

World Cup finals on television,

organising committee director

mous television audience all over

the world," Di Montezemolo

Total viewing figures had top-

ped 30 billion, he added. "We

reached only 13 billion in Mexico

(in 1986). There has never been a

Receipts from the month-long

"The World Cup didn't only

event also set a world record 170

billion lire (\$14 million) from

represent a month of celebrations

for our country and allow us to

cut a good figure but it also

brought us an economic profit,"
Di Montezemolo told a news

– Unger a Dright, sunny

sky Monday, 29 solar-powered

cars designed and built by college

students began 2,560-kilometres

race aimed at proving the useful-

The I1-day race is sponsored

by the U.S. Department of Ener-

gy, the Society of Automotive Engineers and the General

"We hope young people will get excited about this race." and

that it serves as an incentive for

developing solar-powered tech-

nology, said GM President Bob

ness of the technology.

Motors Company.

sporting event like this."

ticket sales.

"The World Cup had an enor-

Luca Di Montezemolo said.

prepared by British Sports Minis-

presented the committee with a three-page letter from Moynihan accompanied by 15 pages of supplementary information.

"He (Moynihan) has said he doesn't think the ban is justified," Millichip said.

Moynihan said in London that he would still like English fans to be banned from travelling to what he called sensitive matches and called for tough policing to prevent booliganism.

Liverpool's extra three-year ban was imposed in 1985 and was always due to begin when other English clubs were allowed back into Europe.

Millichip told reporters the FA had not yet asked UEFA to reduce or lift that ban.

FA Cup winners Manchester United will be included in Wednesday's draw for the European Cup Winners' Cup while Aston Villa, runners up to Liverpool in the English League, will take part in the UEFA Cup.

"It's great, not just for United but for British football really.

'Half of the world watched cup finals'

The local organising committee

(COL) is expected to earn \$15 million from the finals but Di

Montezemolo said figures were

Di Montezemolo said organis-

ers were happy with the security

arrangements which involved

45,000 police officers around the

"On the eve of the World Cup,

security was one of the most

delicate problems," he said. "I

was reading reports in the press

suggesting that certain matches,

like Holland-Germany, would be

About 400 English fans were

"But thanks to the excellent

the slightest incident inside the to big sports events," he said.

work of the police we didn't have

29 solar-powered cars begin race

LAKE BUENA VISTA, Florida Stemple in ceremonies prior to from the University of North

Thirty-two cars entered the

competition, but Arizona state

had problems with its brakes and

gears and was scratched from the

first day's start, organisers said.

That car will start up on the

second leg of the race and be

Winners will be determined by

adding up the times it takes to

complete each day's leg.
Two other cars had trouble

getting away immediately but

were expected to leave later in

the day. They were the entries

penalised for the lost time.

deported and 70 charged after

clashes in several Italian cities

still being prepared.

the third world war.'

country.

and towns.

that English clubs are back in," to reduce the three-year ban at England and Manchester United the end of the coming season. skipper Bryan Robson said from Prime Minister Margaret his home in Manchester.

of the European Cup in 1957 before taking the title in 1968.

the title four times. Johansson said he was delighted to have the English chubs back next season. "I think isolation is

glish football or for European football," he said. English fans are no worse

than others, it's just we have focussed on them. Asked repeatedly if any condi-

tions had been imposed on the English clubs, he said that any measures deemed necessary would be taken by the English Millichip, asked if this could

involve a ban on the sale of away tickets, said: "Nothing is ruled He said that the issue of Liver-

pool had not been discussed by the Executive Committee but that if the English return proved successful, the F.A. would seek fouls.

stadiums in 52 matches," Di

Di Montezemolo is widely ex-

pected to be asked by FIFA to

join their committee overseeing

the 1994 World Cup finals in the

nomi said one member of the

Organising Committee was routinely asked to stay on for the

FIFA spokesman Guido Tog-

"I think Luca would be the

ideal man because he has done a

wonderful job here and Italy has

done a wonderful job," Tognoni

Tognoni said he expected a lot

of popular interest in the United

States for the next finals, despite

the country's lack of soccer tradi-

have 52 sell-out games because

that is the way the U.S. responds

Texas and the Rose-Hulm

The cars in the competition

powered only by the sun and

storage batteries, will travel over

secondary roads. They are

headed for a July 19 finish at the

General Motors Technical Centre

in Warren, Michigan, a snburb

outside Detroit, the centre of the

The combination of direct sun-

country's automobile industry.

light and stored energy can prop-el some of the vehicles at high

speeds for limited distances, but

the cars must abide by posted

stitute of Technology.

"I am confident that we will

Montezemolo said.

United States.

next tournament.

Thatcher has recommended the United were the first English return of English soccer clubs to team to play in a European com- Europe, clearing the way for an petition, reaching the semifinals end to their five-year exile, British officials said Monday.

"The prime minister is behind Villa won the European Cup in the view that we should recom-1982 while Liverpool have taken mend a return subject to conditions such as discouraging the sale of tickets abroad, to provide video screen back in England for matches that are played and to not a good thing either for En- keep under review restrictions on the sale of alcohol," a senior Thatcher aide said.

> The aide said the government had considered three options: "One, not to recommend a return, secondly, to recommend a return without qualifications and thirdly to recommend a return with qualifications and condi-

> The recommendation follows a successful drive against hooliganism at the World Cup soccer tournament which ended in Italy Sunday and which saw England's national side end in fourth place, its best finish for 24 years. England also won the sportsmanship trophy for committing the fewest

de France

MONT BLANC, France (AP) -Ronan Pensec celebrated his 27th birthday by capturing the overall lead in the Tour de France Tuesday, replacing Steve Bauer who finished almost two minutes behind the Frenchman in the 10th

second lead over Italy's Claudio Chiappucci and a one-minuteand-21-second advantage over Bauer, who dropped to third after entering the stage with a 17-second lead over Pensec.

Mexican Raul Alcaea moved one place to fourth, 7:02 behind Pensec. East Germany's Uwe Ampler was fifth, 9:22 behind and Guido Winterberg of Switzerland was sixth, 9:51 be-

The stage was marked by three difficult climbs, including the fin-al one up to 1,400 metres. Claveyrolet broke away early

and made a solitary effort for the stage victory. Wednesday's stage is the har-

dest of the tour with a difficult climb up l'Alpe d'Hnez and its 21 turns up to the summit. It is 182.5

Pensec passes Bauer for lead in Tour

Thierry Claveyrolet of France won the I18.5-kilometre stage from Geneva, Switzerland, to Mont Blanc - the highest peak in Europe - finishing two minutes and 23 seconds ahead of a pack that included Pensec and 1988 winner Pedro Delgado of

who have good character. But Pensec's finish gave him a 50can't add enough." 17, helped the Islanders to four consecutive Stanley Cup Championships from 1980-83, has six 100-point seasons and led the NHL in scoring in 1978-79 with

134 points. goals and 45 points, then had 13 goals and 24 points last season. He scored his last goal, the 500th of his career, on Feb. 13 and has 1,353 points.

New York released Trottier last week, buying out the last two years of his contract, worth about \$1.9 million. He cleared waivers

> Patrick said he is interested in discussing a "short-term situa-tion" with Trottier, who declined the offer of a front-office position with the Islanders, saying be feels be can still play.

"We could always use another centerman and we have a situation that I think might be appeal-

ing," Patrick said.

Meanwhile the surgery that was considered a last resort for Mario Lemieux in February has become the only solution to the recurring back problem of the Pittsburgh Penguins' superstar

The Penguins announced Monday that surgeons will remove out.

signing Islanders'Trottier PITTSBURGH (AP) - The Pitt- part of a herniated disk in

Lemieux's back Wednesday in

hopes of relieving the pain. Lemieux could recover in as little as six weeks, team physician Charles Burke said, but doctors probably will need another six weeks before they can determine how successful the surgery was.

"We'll have some very good clues before then," said Burke, who added that there was a 90per cent chance Lemieux could he ready for Pittsburgh's season opener on Oct. 5.

"Despite the delicacy of this surgery, the complications are very small and very rare," he "We do not expect any difficulties."

Back problems spoiled Lemicux's hopes of breaking Wayne Gretzky's National Hockey League-record 5I-game pointscoring streak. Playing with a brace and despite pain, Lemieux had scored in 46 straight games before leaving the ice without a point on Feb. 14 against the New

York Rangers. He went to Los Angeles to see Dr. Robert Watkins, a spine specialist who assigned him exercises to try to correct the problem

without surgery.
After missing 21 games, Lemieux returned for Pittsburgh's last game on March 3I and scored a goal in a 3-2 overtime loss to Buffalo that knocked the Penguins out of the playoffs. They were 5-12-4 without him in the lineup and did not win a game away from Pittsburgh without

Despite playing only 59 games, Lemieux finished with 45 goals and 123 points, fourth in the NHL in scoring behind Gretzky. Mark Messier and Steve Yzerman. He was leading the league in scoring when his back gave

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There are few bridge players who won't empathize with the title of Matthew Granovetter's new bridge mystery, I Shot My Bridge Partner. (Paperback, 365 pp., \$12.95 plus \$2. shipping from Granovetter Books, 18 Village View Bluff, Ballston Lake N.Y. 12019.) But if everyone carried through on the title, bridge

tertaining. And, again, there is a considerable amount of sage bridge advice. Our cavest, once again, is that we are not sure how well the two mix

This hand featured in the book is from a Swiss Team event. Cover all the hands except for West, then decide what you would choose for your opening lead and why.
At one table West led a low dia-

mond. Declarer played low from dummy, took the king and then ran five clubs, followed by four spades. On the last spade West had to hold two diamonds and was forced to bare down to the ace of hearts. Dummy came down to Q 4 of hearts and ace of diamonds, and declarer simply exited with a heart to set up a

At the other table, West led the king of hearts. Since the North-South bidding showed about 30 HCP and West held 10, East was marked with virtually nothing. Therefore, West hoped to hit a long suit and was well rewarded. The defenders took the first five heart

The book is spiced with charac-ters, real and imaginary, you will recognize. Worth a look.

Argentine team returns to heroes' welcome

BUENOS AIRES (R) - Argentina's World Cup soccer squad returned to a tumultuous heroes' welcome Monday despite losing 1-0 to West Germany in the Rome final Sunday.

Tens of thousands of jubilant fans packed the square outside the Casa Rosada (pink house) government house, setting off fireworks, waving blue and white Argentine flags and chanting "Argentina, Argentina" as the team arrived from Buenos Aires's international airport.

A caravan of cars, truck and buses accompanied the team's coaches for hours as they crawled the 25 kilometres from the airport to the city centre. The crush of wellwishers blocked the main highway, forcing the motorcade to weave through side streets. Soccer enthusiast President

Carlos Menem missed part of Monday's Independence Day celebrations in order to greet the players as they arrived at the Casa Rosada.

Menem stood alongside Captain Diego Maradona as the team waved to the sea of delirious fans from the balcony where four years earlier Argentina's World Cup champion team had celebrated its victory at the Mexico

Earlier Menem had urged supporters to give the team a special Banners hoisted above the

roaring crowd read: "Thank you champions." And "champions, you did it all for the country." "Codesal, robber" proclaimed

Penguins interested in

HOCKEY

sburgh Penguins are interested in

signing free-agent center Bryan

Trottier, the National Hockey

League's (NHL) seventh-leading

all-time scorer, who cleared waiv-

ers after being released by the

"He's a real character guy,"

Penguins General Manager Craig

Patrick said Monday. "We have a

lot of good young talent on our

hockey club, and we have people

Trottier, who turns 34 on July

But in 1988-89 he slipped to 17

New York Islanders.

others, referring to Mexican re-feree Edgardo Codesal who Argent awarded West Germany the con- radio and television all conde- monument where sporting victortroversial penalty that led to the mned the referee. President ies are traditionally commemowinning goal.

Codesal's handling of the match, in which two Argentine players were sent off, was bitterly criticised in Monday newspapers.

La Nacion daily wrote: "The national side suffered because of Mexican referee Edgardo Codesal, who awarded a non-existent penalty and sent off Monzon and

Menem said Codesal had not rated. been up to the occasion.

to Codesal's profession as a gyne-Despite the defeat, Argentina

Argentines interviewed by into the area near the obelisk

Traffic jams built up in the "The referee was a disaster. He suburbs as revellers blocked should stick to medicine and not streets, waving blue and white football," said Menem, referring flags, beating bass drums and chanting "Argentina, Argenti-

"Anyone would think Argenticelebrated its team's performance na had won the cup," said one late into Sunday night. In Buenos onlooker.

Neapolitans propose making Maradona honorary citizen

NAPLES (R) - Naples city councillors have proposed making Argentina's Diego Maradona an honorary citizen of the southern Italian port, where he also captains league champions Napo-

Antonio Cantalamessa said Tuesday that the proposal, prompted by hostility towards Maradona during the World Cup,. had already been presented to the Naples mayor.

"It was shameful the way the Argentine national anthem was whistled at in northern Italian stadiums and also during the final in Rome," Cantalamessa said.

"It is equally shameful that a great champion was tormented merely because he happens to play for Napob," he added.

Maradona was brought to tears

when he was booed and whistled while collecting his runners-up medal after Argentina lost the final 1-0 to West Germany Sun-

He accused an "international soccer mafia" of conspiring to award West Germany the World Cup title and said that returning to Italy could be difficult after his reception during the tournament. But he added: "I'm not afraid:

I'm sure the people of Naples will defend me.' Northern Italian soccer fans reviled Maradona for the way Napoli snatched the league title away from AC Milan in the clos-

ing stages of last season. And when Argentina eliminated Italy on penalties in the World Cup semifinal last week, it seemed as if the entire nation had

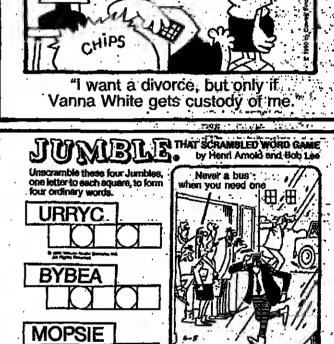
BOMERY



Diego Maradona

turned against him. Cantalamessa said Maradona should be made an honorary. citizen of Naples in recognition of his soccer talents and for leading Napoli to two league titles and the UEFA Cop title.

THE BETTER HALF. By Harris HARRIS613



WENT ON FOOT IN A RAINSTORM. Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print answer here:

Jumbles: BATCH CHAFF DISOWN IMPORT

(Answers tomorrows Answer: Sometimes comes to a head when insults are thrown back and forth—A FIST

THE Daily Crossword by Wilson McBeath 1 Choice 6 Commedia dell'— 10 Gernstone destiny 15 Singer McEntire 16 Leave out 17 Entertain 18 Remote inkling House Sports org. Dallies Kind of moth Spread out Courtyards Bubbly drink M9 Raines 35 Ready for 39 Generally

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3 Article

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SPORTS IN BRIEF

Schillaci named top cup player

ROME (AP) — Italian striker Salvatore Schillaci, the leading World Cup scorer, was voted the top player of the 1990 championship in separate surveys by two commercial sponsors. Schilland, who tallied six goals to equal Italy's 1982 World Cup hero Paolo Rossi, was the most voted player in the Adidas and Diadora "golden athlete" survey. In one of the surveys the Italian forward of Juventus of Turin edged West German captain Lothar Matthaeus and Argeutine star Diego Maradona. West German coach Franz Beckenbauer, whose team captured the World Cup, was voted the best manager.

Vicini to keep his job

MILAN (AP) - Azeglio Vicini will coach Italy's national team through the 1992 European soccer championships in Sweden, Antonio Matarrese announced Tuesday. The announcement by the president of the Italian Soccer Federation was intended to end speculation that Vicini may be fired following Italy's failure to win the World Cup. Italy lost the championship semifinals to Argentina following a penalty shootout. In an interview with Milan's sports daily Gazzetta Dello Sport Matarrese also warned Argentine star Diego Maradona against fuelling verbal con-

384 fans deported during World Cup

ROME (R) — Italy deported 384 soccer fans for unruly behaviour and refused entry to another 52 as part of its security drive against hooligan violence at the World Cup, Police Chief Vincenzo Parisi said. Italy mounted the biggest security operation in the history of the World Cup, mainly to counter potential violence from notorious boobgans among England supporters. Parisi said it cost 80 billion lire (\$65 million) and involved more than 50,000 police and support staff. He told a news conference that 284 supporters had been detained during the month-long tournament and 129 of them were charged with various offences. "Exemplary sentences" were given to 35 of those charged, he added. Parisi gave no precise nationality breakdown but almost all the clashes reported involved English, Italian or West German supporters. Parisi said 102 people had been injured, half of them police.

Leao tipped to be new coach of Brazil

RIO DE JANEIRO (R) - Emerson Leao, coach of Sao Paulo

soccer club Portuguesa, is the most likely replacement for Sebastiao Lazaroni to take over Brazil's national squad, the Jornal Dos Sports newspaper reported Monday. The newspaper quoted Roberio Vieira, spokesman for the Brazilian Football Confederation (CBF), as saying Leao was most likely to be named as the new coach. The CBF will announce its decision on July 28, the paper said.

Elliot returns to win slow 800 metres

LAPPEENRANTA, Finland (R) - Britain's Peter Elliot won the 800 metres in the Karelia Games here Monday in his first race over the distance in six weeks. Elliot, the fastest man over 800 metres in the world so far this year, clocked one minute 46.45 seconds, well behind his season's best of 1:42.97. After the race his coach Kim McDonald said: "He was very satisfied considering it was his first 800 metres for six weeks. The conditions were very bad. It was very windy and raining." Wilfried Kirochi of Kenya was second in 1:47.24 and Finland's Esko Parpala third in 1:48.00.

Italians desert TV sets for final

ROME (R) - Millions of Italians, deeply disappointed at their side's elimination from the World Cup, did not even watch the final between West Germany and Argentina Sunday. Domestic viewing figures released Monday showed 18.5 million people watched the scrappy final, making it the ninth most popular match of the World Cup. The most popular game was the semifinal on July 3 when Italy were knocked out by Argentina. A record 27.5 million people - nearly 90 per cent of the television viewing population - watched the game.

Seles beats Garrison in exhibition

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia (AP) — Yugoslavia's Monica Seles, playing her first match at home after her swift climb in world rankings, beat Wimbledon women's finalist Zina Garrison 4-6. 6-3, 6-3 in an exhibition termis match. Garrison, who last week beat Seles in three sets in a Wimbledon quarterfinal, lost Sunday in her first Grand Slam final to Martina Navratilova. "I know this was not Wimbledon, but it is a small revenge," said the 16-year-old U.S.-based Yugoslav who in one year rose from 86th to third place in the world rankings.

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH

★ A J 9 2 The bidding: South 1 NT North East Pass 4 NT Page Pass Opening lead: ?

would have vanished years ago. This is a better book than Granovetter's first, Murder at the Bridge Table, It is written with more humor and the murder mystery is more en-

Survey points to recession in East, growth in West

GENEVA (AP) - The recession in East Europe and the Soviet Union is deepening, in contrast to id think App. strong economic growth in Western market ecomomies, according to a new U.N. report.

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The report published Monday warned of hleak economic prospects for East Germany in the near future. It said tensions, including unemployment, arising from economic union with West Germany should not be understimated

However the report added that stagnation of the East German economy is the medium term would not appear to be a realistic scenario.

The report was compiled by experts at the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (ECE) that groups east and west Europe, the United States and Canada. It was published as an applate to the 34nation ECE's main annual survey issued in April.

The 27-page report said gross industrial ontput in East Europe fell by 13.4 per cent in the first thre months of 1990. In the Soviet

In volume terms, East European exports to the West were six per cent lower than the first quarter of 1989s Romania and Bulgaria witnessed the largest falls. Exports from the Soviet Union to the West fell 10 per cent, the report said.

It said by mid-1990, economic policies of the emerging democracies in Eastern Europe were dominated by uncertainty. The only certain element

appears to be that the recession in Eastern Europe and the Soviet Union is far from having run its course," it said. In a special section on German

economic and monetary union, the report said East Germany's huge investment potential was likely to favour a "relatively strong recovery in the medium term." U.N. officials said "medium term" was defined as a period of at least one year after

The report said that estimates for investment in infrastructure, environmental protection and industrial capital adderd up to more as a whole.

than 1,500 billion Deutschemarks (\$910 billion).

In the short term — before full reunification of the two countries a severe downturn in East German ecocomic activity could oot be ruled out, the report said. But it stressed that wealthy

West Germany could afford the level of financial help needed by the east. Increased tax revenues from higher than expected economic growth in West Germany meant that further tax increases might not be needed to finance the costs of unification, it said.

It said that West Germany's current account surplus was expected to fall only slightly. The inflationary impact of German economic union was likely to be modest because of the tight monetary policy of the West German Bundesbank and anticipated restraints in East German consumption, it said.

The report said West Germany's gross national product was expected to grow by four per cent this year, against an average of three per cent for West Europe

British finance minister sees no problem with pound's strength

HOUSTON (R) - British Chan- the rise will squeeze the profits of cellor of the Exchequer John Major Monday signalled he had no objections to the recent surge in sterling but warned there could be no prospect of interest falling before inflation moderates.

Major also spelled out Britain's commitment to pegging the pund to the European Monetary System but gave no clues oo when the government would act.

Sterling has forged ahead on international currency markets, driven by feverish speculation that Britain is about to lock the pound into the grid of semi-fixed exchange rates.

But Major took a relaxed view of the advance.

"Even at the exchange rate which sterling has reached this morning, it has only... gone back to the effective exchange rate that existed about 13 months ago." Major told journalists That seems to me to be an unsustainable surge."

The pound surged by nearly three pfennigs against the Deutschemark in Europe Mooday to hit 2.98 marks following a report in a British Sunday newspaper that the Bank of England was willing to let the currency climb

as far as three marks. Although there are fears that

Pound Sterlin

One Sterling

Britsh companies, Major said Weest Germany and Japan nations with traditionally strong currencies - had not seen their exports suffer from exchange rate

Major also spelt out that Britain had not changed its view that inflation must fail to closer to the average level in the European Community (EC) before the pound could be linked to the April.

violin as GIFT

Japanese yen (for 100) Dutch guilder Swedish crown

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exchange rate mechanism. In the 12-nation EC, all but

caused by the inclusion of mortgage rates in the retail price index. The index showed a yearon-year rise of 9.4 per cent in

Britain, Greece and Portugal are full members of the European Monetary System. He said inflation was still "significantly higher" than desired even after removal of distortions

MMI eyes E. Europe opportunities

WARSAW (R) - Marsh and McLennan Companies Ine, (MMI) of the United States, the world's biggest insurance broker, said Tuesday it was eyeing business opportunities in Eastern

"We've made a commitment to taking a very serious look at East European countries. It's the only part of the world we're not operating in at the moment," MMI Deputy Chairman Philip Wroughton said during a visit to

Warsaw. New York-based MMI opened an office in Vienna last month esponsible for Eastern Europe. Wroughton told reporters pros-pects for business in Poland would depend on insurance legislation

expected to go before parliament

"ff it turns out to be favourable owards hrokers and a free market, we would be taking a very serious look," he said.

Poland has five domestic insurers, one of which - Warta - is already active on the London reinsurance market. But direct broking has been virtually nonexistent, Wroughton said.

He said opportunities in both broking and reinsurance would grow as privatisation spread. The knock-on effect of a free market is added exposure to risk, which requires insurance."

Newly privatising companies, would need brokers to advise on their insurance needs and arrange third-party, property and other cover through domestic insurers and on the world market, MMI officials said.

MMI is a subsidiary of Marsh and McLennan Companies, Inc. (MMC), which operates in more than 80 countries and had turnover in 1989 of \$2.4 hillion.

Iran backs Iraqi call for \$25 barrel of oil

NICOSIA (R) — A senior Iranian official has backed Iraq's call for an oil target price of \$25 a barrel, saying it should form the basis of the fight to raise slumping prices at an OPEC conference later this month.

Ali Shams Ardakani, adviser to the minister of mines and metals, said in an article in Ettelaat newspaper Monday that Iran and Iraq should form a solid front 10 push for higher prices against OPEC quota-busters.

"Fortunately, the Iraqi oil minister has announced.... that the oil price should be set at \$25 per barrel. This very statement should be taken as a cornerstone in the cooperation for oil price adjustment," the official Iranian news agency IRNA quoted Ardakani as telling the newspaper.

Oil prices have dropped to about \$14 a barrels from around \$21 at the beginning of the year largely because of overproduction by Kuwait and the United Arah Emirates (UAE).

Iran and Iraq, who fought a hitter war from 1980 to 1988, have been drawn increasingly closer in OPEC by a common desire for higher prices to produce revenue to finance war reconstruction projects.

Ardakani said the oil price issue was a good testing ground for fraq's capability to cooperate with Iran on regional policies.

Iraqi Deputy Prime Minister Saadoun Hammadi said two weeks ago that the 13 members of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) should maintain their output quotas until oil prices reach \$25 a

OPEC ministers are due to production plans for the rest of the year.

Meanwhile, Saudi Arahian Oil Minister Hisham Nazer said stabilise the petroleum market per barrel.

and ensure success of the forth coming OPEC conference. The Saudi Press Agency (SPA) said the minister was speaking at the weekly cahinet meeting held

in Jeddah. King Fahd "is extremely keen to restore stability to the petroleum market and that the kingdom does its ntmost to ensure the success of OPEC's conference due to be held in Geneva July 25," Nazer told the cabinet.

SPA, monitored in Cyprus, said Nazer hriefed the cabinet oo the outcome of a Gulf tour that took him to Knwait, the UAE,

Qatar and Iraq. He also briefed the meeting on talks he had with the Algerian, Nigerian and Libyan oil ministers who vistied the kingdom at various times earlier this month, it

The tour was "within the framework of joint efforts to restore stability to the petroleum, market," it explained.

Nazer visited Baghdad Sunday and diplomats there said he had been entrusted with trying to resolve a rift between Iraq and two Gulf Arab states - Kuwait and the UAE - accused of undermining world oil prices by exceeding output quotas.

The diplomats said a letter Nazer delivered to Iraqi President Saddam Hussein dealt with ways to reduce a petroleum glut that caused a 30 per cent drop in oil prices this year.

Iraq last month accused the two states of flooding the market with cheap crudes and urged OPEC members to adhere strictly to the group's production rules. Key oil ministers bave reported

some progress in bilateral delimeet in Geneva July 25 to discuss berations ahead of the OPEC conference. They say the aim at the confer-

ence will be to reach an accord to restore average spot prices to Monday King Fahd was eager to OPEC's declared target of \$18

Grant of \$2.3m raises EC education aid to Jordan to \$7 million

By Ica Wahbeh

Jordan Times staff Reporter

AMMAN — The European Community (EC) has granted 1.8 million European Currency Units (ECUs) - equivalent to \$2.3 million - in line with an assistance agreement aimed at helping Jordan upgrade its education system, the EC delegate in Amman announced Tuesday.

The assistance, which is offered in conjunction with a World Bank programme to assist training and upgrading the skills of teachers in secondary schools, is expected to raise EC educational aid to Jordan so far this year to 5.5 million ECUs (\$7 million), EC delegate Christian Falkowski said.

The entire amount, provided for in the third protocol between the Community and the Kingdom, is expected to be allocated to expand Jordan's educational infrastructure and qualitative re-search capabilities, Falkowski told the Jordan Times.

"The Community has granted 23.1 milbon ECUs (\$29.5 million) through the first and second protocol funds towards scientific, educational and vocational projects aimed at training and upgrading the capabilities of scientists, researchers and technicians, and providing up-to-date technology for related facilities." Falkowski said.

The aim of this technical assistamong higher education, vocational training and manpower demand. The duration of this third try of Education.

"This is part of EC support in the education field to Jordan. We have extended a total of 32 miltion ECUs (\$45 million) in aid to Jordan over the past 10 years, Falkowski said.

The University of Jordan's Faculty of Engineering and Technology was the largest single grant-financed EC project, worth ECU 8.7 million (\$11 million).

According to Community records, funds have been granted to the Ministry of Education (to two secondary industrial schools), the Vocational Training Corporation, the Faculty of Science at Yarmouk University and the

Royal Scientific Society.
"The funds aimed at improving the scientific knowledge and technical capabilities of the staff, and equipping and improving laboratories and workshops," according to Falkowski.

Records also show grants totalling 5.4 million ECUs (\$6.9 million) for financing workshops and classroom material for several industrial and vocational training centres and industrial schools run by the Vocational Training Corporation at Sahab, Zarqa and Amman as well as an ECU 2 million (\$2.5 million) grant to the Ministry of Education for improving education management, curricula development and administrative and teaching skills for vocational and secondary educa-

In addition to extending direct ance is also to strengthen links aid, the Community also offers scholarships for Jordanian teachers to gain advanced training in Europe and assigns experts protocol is four years and it is to visit Jordan and offer advice implemented through the Minis- and training, the EC delegate

China releases grim figures premature end."

BELJING (AP) - After months of upbeat reports on economic recovery, China's government released grim figures Monday for formance by state-owned indus-

on finance in Beijing, characte-rised China's financial situation as "still fairly grim," the official Xinhua news agency reported. Wang said China was afflicted

by that cycle in 1986, "when economic rectification came to a

Domestic revenue for 1990's first balf accounted for less than 40 per cent of the state budget, or 1990's first six months that 121.94 billion yuan (\$25 billion) showed particularly poor per- a 10.5 per cent increase over the same period last year

Domestic expenditure of 123 Finance Minister Wang Bing- billion yuan (\$26 billion) mean- 59 per cent, and the number of qian, speaking at the opening of while, was about 39 per cent of the national working conference the state budget, a 12 per cent increase over last year, it said. "The execution of the national bndget was not satisfactory enough in the first half of this centages

the report said. low industrial production, a sluggisb market and insufficient con-

trol over expenditures. He called for continued tightening of finance and credit, warning that "if (they) are relaxed and demand is artificially stimulated, there will surely be a sinister circle of 'inflation-ansterity-

inflation' again." The only other statistics in the report were for state-owned en- year,

terprises, which for years have been a drain on China's finances. Compared with the same period last year, their output value dropped 0.5 per cent while sales revenue dropped 2.4 per

Profits plummeted more than enterprises operating at a loss rose 14 per cent to more one-third of all state-owned industrial enterprises. The report did not figures beyond the per-

China's industry still is reeling Xinhua quoted Wang as hlam- from the impact of a government ing China's economic woes on austerity programme, begun in late 1988, that has sharply cut official spending, new construction and credit.

Production by the industrial sector as a whole plunged more than six per cent from the same period last year.

However, the official People's Daily said Monday that industrial production "took a turn for the better in the first half of the

choke in grip of bankruptcy WASHINGTON (R) - Cities especially on the east coast," he across the United States are rac- said.

U.S. cities

going bankrupt - half of those with populations over 10,000 expect budget shortfalls this year. The nation's capital city

announced last week it could not pay some \$55 million owed to the city pension fund or \$30 million owed for local transport. All in all, Washington will be short \$100 million when its financial year ends Sept. 30.

"We've had projected shortfalls before, but nothing like this," Washington budget office spokesman Willy Lynch told Renters. "We are having cash problems

because revenues aren't coming

in -- like cities all over the U.S.,

America's 576 cities with populations over 10,000 expect budget shortfalls this year, squeezed by falling revenues and rising costs. Costs are rising for employee

by the National League of Cities

shows Lynch is not alone. Half of

health care, transport systems and programmes to fight pollution, drugs, AIDS and poverty. New York City agonised for months over a predicted \$1.8 billion shortfall in its financial

year ending June 30, 1990. It finally raised income, property and real estate taxes and cut \$240 million in park, library and other public services to close the gap.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Tuesday, July 10, 1990

Central Bank official rates

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663.0

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

One U.S. dollar 1.6410/15 1.8485/95 1.3845/55 33.71/76 5.5040/90 1202/1203 149.10/20 5.9375/9425 6.2900/50 6.2425/75 One ounce of gold 353.50/354.25

1.8195.8205 Canadian dollar · 1.1555/65 Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns U.S. dollars

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Abdoun. * 15 September 1990 in Northern Ireland.

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PLAZA

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Thousands killed by governments in 1989-Amnesty

LONDON (R) — Governments lians were killed and thousands dents adequately. struggling to control ethnic and nationalist tensions killed tens of thousands tif their citizens in 1989, the human rights group Amnesty International said Wednesday in its annual report.

"Around the world, particularly where the tensions erupted into violence, tens of thousands of people hecame victims of security operations resulting in disappearances and extrajudicial executions," the London-based group

It said prisoners were tortured in close to 100 countries, people disappeared or were held in secret detention in more than 20 countries and death squads linked to governments operated in more than 35 countries

"In countless cases, state torture was the price citizens paid for being identified as sympathisers with ethnic or nationalist movements," Amnesty said in the report on human rights observance in 138 countries.

Amnesty listed China, the Soviet Union, the Israeli-occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, Sudan, Iraq and Guatemala as among the places where ethnic and nationalist conflict led to human rights abuse by the au-

injured in early June last year after weeks of pro-democracy demonstrations in Peking, Amnesty said. Secret executitins and torture of prisoners followed.

The report said that in Tibet Chinese troops broke up demonstratitus by Tibetans demanding independence in March 1989 and imposed martial law in the capital. Lhasa, leading to arrests and torture of prisoners.

Soviet soldiers and riot troops killed 20 people and wounded up to 3:000 in dispersing a crowd demonstrating for Georgian independence in April 1989, Amnesty

At least 60 people prosecuted under criminal taw in the Soviet Union were imprisoned or forcibly confined to psychiatric hospitals for exercising their human rights, it said.

In the Palestinian oprising in the West Bank and Gaza Strip, more than 260 unarmed Arah civilians, including children, were shot dead by Israeli forces, often in circumstances suggesting excessive use of force or deliberate killings, Amnesty said.

Others died in incidents where tear gas was possibly deliberately misused," the report. said, accusing Israeli authorities In China, at least 1,000 civi- of failing to investigate the inci-

In Guatemala, the security forces and death squads linked to them were reported to be implicated in hundreds of extrajudicial

executions and disappearances, Amnesty said. The report also documented

attacks by security forces un human rights activities in Columbia. Hunduras, Peru and Brazil.

Human rights progress in Africa

Hundreds of prisoners tif conscience were freed in Africa last year hut major human rights abuses remained, Amnesty said.

Mass arrests took place, dozens of extrajudicial executions were carried out and long-term political prisoners had still not been brought to trial on the continent. the organisation said in its annual

"Significant numbers of unarmed civilians were killed hy soldiers fighting insurgents and people were targeted for arrest largely hecause of their ethnic or regional origins," Amnesty said.

The report said prisoners of conscience and political prisoners were released last year in Benin, Ethiopia, Somalia, South Africa, Namibia and Angola.

Nigeria said public executions had stopped. It reported 12 executions last year compared with 85 in the previous year. Amnesty said more might have taken place that were not reported.

In South Africa, 60 hangings took place, significantly fewer than 117 in the previous year. Bnt Amnesty said that in

Somalia the release of some prisoners was followed by a wave of arrests in the middle of the year when many protesters were killed and 40 people were executed

extrajudicially. "In Somalia and other countries where government soldiers were fighting insurgents, such as Ethiopia, Liberia and Sudan, sig-nificant numbers of unarmed civihans arrested were summarily executed in areas affected by armed conflict," the report said.

Amnesty said a military coup in Sudan in June was followed by mass arrests, possibly the largest number of political arrests anywhere in sub-Saharan Africa last

The other country in which a startling new pattern of human rights violations was noted in 1989 was Mauritania," said Amnesty. It said the government took action against hlack southern Mauritanians after intercommunal killings.

have thwarted a coup in April last group said. year were followed by the arrests of several hundred members of the Zaghawa community, the report said.

It added that the government refused to say what happened to those arrested and there were fears that some had been summarily executed.

In both Chad and Malawi, considerable numbers of political detainees arrested in previous years remained in detention without charge or trial throughout last

Other African countries holding large numbers of political prisoners without trial or after nnfair trials included Cameroun, Congo, Ghana and Uganda, Amnesty

Abuses in Europe

Amnesty said the massive political upheaval in Eastern Europe in 1989 had led to greater freedom hut there had still been buman rights violations across the continent.

The release of thousands of prisoners of conscience and greater freedom in the East followed mass demonstrations during which security forces arrested. tortured, detained and even kil-

In Albania, those who tried to exercise their right to freedom were liable to harsh punishment. Amnesty said.

In Yngoslavia, at least 4,500 people, including 1,700 prisoners of conscience, were detained last year. Political prisoners were often denied a fair trial and there were allegations of hrutality, the report said

At least 60 people prosecuted under criminal law in the Soviet Union were imprisoned or forcibly confined to psychiatric hospitals for exercising their human rights, Annesty said. At least 32 were jailed for tibjecting to military service, it said.

Hundreds of conscientions objectors to military service were also imprisoned in France, Greece, Italy and Switzerland. Smaller numbers were jailed in Cyprus and Finland.

Amnesty said hundreds of prisoners of conscience were jailed in Turkey, with reports of several deaths as a result of torture. Ili-treatment in police custody

or prison was reported in Austria. France, Italy, Portugal, Spain and West Germany.

Amnesty said evidence

between Northern Ireland's

Chamorro calls in army

In Chad, government claims to led protesters, the London-based security forces and members of Protestant paramilitary groups set up to counter the Irish Republican Army's guerrilla hattle to end British rule.

The report said killing, impris-onment and torture of Kurds in Turkey illustrated why Amnesty was focusing on human rights

violations in an ethnic context.

It said that in Yugosiavia's Kosovo province, at least 27 people were killed and 1,000 people arrested during demonstrations by ethnic Albanians against proposed constitutional changes limiting the province's autonomy.

At least 20 people were killed and 3,000 mjured when Soviet troops and riot police were alleged to have used firearms. shovels and poison gas to disperse a crowd calling for independence in Georgia.

Amnesty added that seven ethnic Turks died during demonstrations against the Bulgarian government's campaign to assimilate them. Other Turks were reported to have been beaten or

Bulgaria's government announced in December 1989 it emerged in Britain of collusion would end key aspects of the assimilation policy.

proceed immediately to maintain

public order and guarantee the

She said her government is

seeking "social concord within

the framework of national dia-

logue," and this should be carried

out 'in a climate of peace and

understanding and not one of fear

blocked the road from the inter-

national airport to Managna with

barricades made of paving stones.

Police using mechanical shoves

cleared the barricades Monday

afternoon, but groups of strikers

blocked the road again Monday

The labour unrest caused wide-

spread disruption throughout

Managua. Electricity and water

service was cut off to most of the

city of about 1 million residents.

The capital's airport was closed

by an air traffic controllers strike.

- Mail service and operator-

On Sunday night, strikers

security of citizens."

and intimidation."

Sri Lankan troops battle to besieged camp

COLOMBO (R) - Sri Lankan a wildlife park. troops, overcoming fierce resistance from Tamil separatist guerrillas, cut a corridor through thick jungle in the northwest region to rescue colleagues in a besieged camp, military sources said

"They reached their goal," said an officer in Colombo after receiving confirmation that two army columns had succeeded in a pincer advance on Mannar, a strategic town on the northwest minority. coast, to reinforce troops at a camp there. Rebels have been in control of the town and areas outside the camp.

At least 100 rebels and 15 soldiers died in the seven-day operation.

Troops advancing from Puttalam on the northwest coast to Mannar, 120 kilometres further north, fought hundreds of rebels security forces destroyed an intriin fortified bases in thick jungle in cate system of hunkers huilt in

CHANDIGARH, India (R) -

Indian Home Minister Mnfti

Mohammad Sayeed urged Sikh

politicians Tuesday to press mili-

tants to stop their bloody war for

independence in Punjah so a new

state government could he

"We too want a popular gov-

ernment to be elected in Punjah

at the earliest which could guide

the destiny of the state," he told a

news conference in Chandigarh,

capital of the northern state,

which is going through another

in a situation in which the people

either can't vote or have to vote at gunpoint," Sayeed said.

their demands for state elections

in May after the new Indian

government, which came to pow-

er in December promising a solu-

tion to the decade-old Sikh in-

surgency, extended central rule

Central rule was first imposed

in May 1987, but the advent of a

new government in New Delhi

raised hopes of a solution begin-

Instead, the violence in which

thousands of people have died

increased. Many government

for another six months.

ning with state elections.

Sikh politicians stepped up

"But elections cannot be held

surge of killings.

elected.

The second column from Vavuniya, 80 kilometres east of Mannar, met less resistance.

Sri Lankan soldiers have been fighting Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam (LTTE) guerrillas for the past four weeks after the rebels broke a year-old ceasefire dnring which they held negotiations with the government. The Tigers are demanding a separate state for the country's Tamil

More than 900 rebels, members of the security forces and civilians have died in the vio-

Officials said 60 rebels were killed in eastern Amparai and Trincomalee districts where the army has surrounded large rebel

A gevernment statement said

Indian minister appeals to Sikh

bomeland stepped up their war to

ing for voting on the fractious factions of the Sikh Akali Dal

to play an important role along

with the people to stamp out terrorism and bring peace to the

Sayeed put the onus on prepar-

"The political parties will have

"Why are they not appealing to

the killers of innocent people to

stop their hullets so that elections

Last year, about 1,800 people

This year, police have reported

Sayeed repeated Delhi's fre-

quent accusation that Pakistan

was arming and training Sikh

militants. It also alleges that Isla-

mabad backs Muslim separatists

in Kashmir. Pakistan, which has

fought three wars with India,

denies all the charges. Sayeed alleged Pakistan was

increasing its hacking of the Sikh

militants and pumping more arms

The Indian government even

were killed in the militant fight

for a homeland they call Khalis-

tan (land of the pure).

almost as many deaths.

politicians on Punjab peace

prevent elections.

state." he said.

can take place?"

sand dunes at Kaddaiparichchan in Trincomalee.

'It consisted of a system of ventilation and observation facilities to enable the terrorists to live underground for a long period of time. The well-equipped kitchen could feed 300 at a time. Ten tonnes of food including dried venison and salted meat were found," it said.

Deputy Defence Minister Ranjan Wijeratne ttild diplomats on Monday that the government might invite representatives of South Asian countries, the Commonwealth and the Non-Aligned Movement as observers if talks with the rebels were held again.

He was speaking during a Foreign Ministry hriefing for diplo-mats after President Ranasinghe Premadasa recommended international mediation Sunday.

"It is only with the involvement of the international community in

Sayeed gave no details, hut

intelligence sources said militant

leaders are based in Pakistan,

many of them in and around

Lahore, the main city of Pakistani

The sources said the leadership

had sent instructions to step up

attacks on security forces and

supplied more weapons over the

last three months as tension be-

tween India and Pakistan in-

creased over the Kashmir seces-

They said there might be as

many as 2,500 assault rifles in

militant hands in Punjah, double

the estimate of six months ago.

security forces were killed in mili-

tant attacks in June. In July, the

Police said militants killed

prominent Sikh politician Bal-

want Singh and three companions

Tuesday in Chandigarh, which

has largely been free of the violence rampant elsewhere in

Senior police officials said they

believed the murder of Balwant

Singh, twice state finance minis-

ter, was another militant warning

to politicians to have nothing to

number was already 22, they said.

Police said 36 members of the

executed," he said.

sionist uprising.

Punjah.

fighting for an independent against India are planned and



a manner acceptable to us that the dialogue can recommence," Premadasa said.

being taken to minimise civilian casualties in the army offensive. He said normality had been restored in most areas of the east while operations continued in the northern districts of Jaffna, Mul-

Wijeratne said all steps were

laitivu, Killinochchi and Vavu-

tors burned tires and trash alongside the barricades. Mrs. Chamorro called for restraint, urging "democratic Nicaraguans not to let themselves

The violence followed a strike called in part to protest what the

to restore order in Managua cleared it of student protesters unions say are massive firings by Mrs. Chamorro said she ordered the army and police "to

MANAGUA (Agencies) - President Violeta Chamorro called in the army Monday to restore order in the Nicaraguan capital after striking workers clashed with government supporters in the worst street violence in Managua in a decade.

Heavily armed soldiers began removing street barricades, but strike leaders said the work stoppage would go no.

One person died and 34 were wounded in the clashes Monday, bringing to four the number of people killed in the violence since

Mrs. Chamorro addressed the nation on state radio and television as thousands of Sandinistas backing a general strike returned to the streets and, defying government orders, erected more barricades and lit bonfires. Her speech was delayed for four hours until police cleared Sandinista students and workers seized and briefly held a government broad-

Gunfire was heard throughout the city and a haze of foulsmelling smoke covered much of the city as Sandinista demonstra-

be provoked, and not to answer violence with violence, which has already claimed victims."

the Chamorro government. Workers also want a greater voice in setting economic policy.

Mrs. Chamorro accused the Sandinistas of calling the nationwide strike and fomenting the disturbances. Despite their defeat in February elections at the hands. of Mrs. Chamorro's U.S.-hacked coalition, the Sandinistas remain the country's largest political

Former president Daniel Ortega urged her government to negotiate with the striking work-

This conflict cannot be solved by force. Any attempt in that direction is an invitation to chaos," he said in a radio inter-Main streets in Managua were

blocked, bringing the capital to near-standstill. It was reminiscent of the 1979 revolution, when Sandinistas built roadblocks in their fight to overthrow dictator Gen. Anastasiti Somoza. A group of men armed with

Soviet AK-47 automatic rifles assisted phone calls have been tried to shoot their way into suspended since last week due to Radio Corporacion before Mrs. the strike. Chamorro was to give her speech there, announcer Carlos Torres than 80,000 public and private said. Four guards were wounded, sector workers bave joined the

Torres said Radio Corporacion went off the air shortly after the attack, "for reasons that I do not tor workers brought the country know.

gradually spreading week-old walkout.

A similar strike by public secto a virtual standstill in May. Mrs. Chamorro was able to Strikers won major concessions give her speech after police including raises of 100 per cent.

Last week the Panamanian

Strike leaders claim that more

group appealed for the shows to

conduct of a steamship captain from the liner, he could have gone to its and and saved fives.

officials and security force officknows the place in Pakistan do with elections. ers say they believe militants where such subversive activities 10 killed in Kenyan political violence

and money into Punjab.

NAIROB1, Kenya (AP) — Clashes were reported Tuesday in several rural areas and lowincome neighbourhoods ringing Nairobi on the fourth day of unrest in Kenya.

The clashes began Saturday when police used tear gas and guns to disperse a prodemocracy rally that turned violent. At least 10 people have been killed in four days of fighting since then.

New skirmishes between stonethrowing mobs and armed security forces were reported Tuesday morning in Kiambu, Nyeri and Githunguri.

Violence also was reported from Kangemi and Kawangware, low-income neighbourhoods on Nairobi's western edge, where residents alleged that government security forces heat people

throughout the night. Sunday, appeared calm Tuesday.

Two new fatalities from Monday's fighting were reported Tuesday. One man died of a hullet wound in Githunguri, and another was killed in the northern m the stomach.

The government, which only Monday acknowledged the fighting, has not commented on casualties.

Although some rioters have continued to shout anti- violence. government slogans and give a two-fingered salute showing their support for multiparty democracy, observers said the violence appeared to be growing less poli-

"Clearly the trigger was politic-Nairobi's commercial district, al. but I think it is increasingly the scene of widespread clashes becoming a question of simple Saturday and small disturbances lawlessness as people take the opportunity to engage in looting," said a Western diplomat, who spoke on condition of anonymity.

the state.

President Daniel Arap Moi town of Nakuru when he was shot Tuesday, in comments to Kenyan troops recently returned from U.N. peacekeeping duty in Namibia hlamed the riots on "hooligans and drug addicts." He said his government would continue hunting down instigators of the

The government Monday ordered police to use whatever force necessary to quell the disturbances. Arap Moi's comments were his first public statement on the situation.

Romanian aide seeks asylum in Switzerland

Former

GENEVA (R) — Former Roma-nian Tourism Minister Mihai Lupoi has asked for political asyhun in Switzerland, a Justice Ministry spokeswoman said Tuesday.

"I can confirm that he is in the country and that he has asked for asylum," she said. Lupoi would be given a hearing

hy Swiss authorities Wednesday, she added. The daily La Trihune de

Geneve reported that Lupoi, 37, flew to Geneva with his wife Magdalena last Wednesday and requested political asylum the following day.

The newspaper said Lupoi, an army architect, complained of harassment by the government of Prime Minister Petre Roman.

Manuel Antonio Noriega was to open in Fehruary 1991. weak hut that criminal charges . mer general would ensure be would not go free even if the U.S. case fails.

Cruz told a news conference Panama was watching "with great interest" pre-trial manoeuvring in the case which charges Noriega

PANAMA CITY (R) — Attorney General Rogelio Cruz has thousands of dollars in exchange said that the Miami drug traffick- for allowing drugs to be smuggled ing case against ousted strongman through Panama. The trial is set But Cruz said the evidence

'U.S. evidence against Noriega weak'

filed in Panama against the for- being offered by the United States, which invaded Panama last December to oust Noriega and hring him to trial, was "sparse and vague."

"If Noriega goes free in the United States, you can be sure that in Panama, he will not," Cruz

government formally filed 30 charges against Noriega, including murder, extortion, violation of human rights, falsifying passports and illicit enrichment. A special commission set up hy the gevernment of President

Guillermo Endara to investigate ahuses under the Noriega regime, has said the former general amassed a fortune of some \$300 mil-

Japanese tops list of world's richest people

Japanese developer again topped a list of the world's richest people, but the annually tally has one conspicuous deletion this year:, Donald J. Trump. But despite the financial trou-

NEW YORK (AP) — A

bles of the New York developer and casino owner, the United States is the nation with the world's largest number uf individual Ibillionaires: - 62 according to estimates hy Forbes magazine. In addition, there are 37 U.S. families with fortunes over \$1 billium, Forbes says in its July 23 issue.

Forhes says one trend it noticed in compiling this year's list was the number of wealthy West Germans. The magazine identified 38 West German hillionaire families - far more per capita than in Japan or the Un-

ited States. The list includes 40 Japanese and 99 American individuals or families with a net worth over \$1

cent stock valuations, compara-

Forbes says it identified 271 September. Billionaire individuals or families worldwide, up from 226 last year. The compilation is hased on re-

currency exchange rates, among other factors. The magazine says it excludes from consideration royal families

and heads uf state because their

wealth "derives more from political heritage than from economic effort." But it doesn't exclude drug dealers. Among the billionaires it lists are Columbia's Pahlu Escobar Gaviria, the head of the

Medellin cocaine cartel, at about

\$3 hillion, and Colombia's Ochoa

family, at about \$2 billion. Forbes, in estimates released Tuesday, says the world's wealthiest person for the fourth straight year was Yoshiaki Tsutsumi of Japan, whose railroad and real estate empire includes golf courses, ski resorts and hotels. Forbes estimated his net worth at \$16 hillion, up about \$1

hillion from last year. That estimate was far greater than that of rival business magazine Fortune, which put Tsutsumi's net worth at \$3.1 hillion last

Fortune said the world's richest person is the Sultan tif Brunei, at \$25 billion. Forhes excludes heads of state from considerabie real estate valuations and tion.

Following the 56-year-old Tsut-sumi on the Forbes list was Japanese developer Taikichiro Mori, a former economics professor who now owns 78 office buildings. Forbes put Muri's net worth at \$14.6 billion. Ranked third was the family of

Sam Walton, founder of Wal-Mart. the third-largest U.S. retail chain. Forbes estimates that the Waltons, who also were thirdranked last year, are worth \$13.3 billiun, up frum \$8.7 billion in America's Du Pont family was

fourth, with a net worth esti-

mated at \$10 billion. They were

followed by Hans and Gad Rausing, two Swedish hrothers who control a packaging empire worth \$9.6 billion. Kitaro Watanabe, a Japanese real estate owner, was sixth at \$9.2 billion. He was followed by Canada's Reichmann hrothers.

owners of the Olympia and York real estate company, at \$9 hillion. Kenkichi Nakajima and his family, founder of Japan's largest maker of Pachinko machines, a gambling game similar to pinball,

were eighth at \$8.4 billion. South Korea's Shin Kyuk-Ho. who owns a candy and real estate

empire, was ninth at \$7 hillion to \$8 billion; and Forrest E. Mars and family of the United States or Mars candy fame, were 10th at an estimated \$6 billion.

Other American families with net worth exceeding \$3 billion were the Newbouse, Hearst and Cox families, which derive their fortunes from publishing and hroadcasting, the Bass family of Texas; the Mellon family of hanking fame; the Dorrance family: whose wealth comes from Camp bell Soup Co; and Bill Gates. founder of the computer software company Microsoft Corp.

John Werner Kluge remained the richest American individual according to Forhes. Kluge, founder of the media company Metromedia, bas an estimated net worth of \$5.2 billion, placing him in a tie for 12th place on the worldwide list with the New-

As for Trump, Forbes put his net worth last year at \$1.7 billion. but it dropped sharply this year as the value of his real estate and airline empire crumbled. In April, the magazine said he was worth about a half a billion dollars. Some sonrces peg it even



Racketeering charges

dropped against-

Khashoggi

NEW YORK (R) - The U.S. government Monday dropped s racketeering charges against Adnan Khashoggi, who was acquitted last week of charges he helped former Philippine first lady Imelda Marcos hide her ownership of New York real estate and art. James Linn, attorney for the Saudi arms dealer who was once one of the world's richest men, said the government agreed to drop racketeering charges in return for Khashoger's agreement not to press claims to any of the New York buildings or art involved in the case. Last Monday a federal jury acquitted Mrs. Marcos of racketeering for allegedly helping her late hus-band steal more than \$200 million from their country's treasury to bny the New York properties. Khashoggi was acquitted of obstruction of justice and mail fraud for allegedly helping the Marcoses conceal their ownership of

Electricity fails during energy debate

the buildings and art.

NEW DELHI (AP) — A state legislative debate on energy funding was short-circuited by a power failure, a newspaper said. The lights went out in the 320member Patna State House chamber in Bibar as lawmakers were preparing to set budget allocations for the state's Energy Ministry, the Times of India said. The unprecedented 110-minute failure prompted a walkout by members of former Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi's Congress Party, the chief opposition party. The debate was postponed in the capital located 900 kilometres east of New Delhi. Power failures are common in India, but emergency power mormally is supplied to state legislatures and ministers busines. It was not im-filediately known why the legisla-ture's emergency line did not

Madonna hits back at critics

KOME (R) - Italo-American

megastar Madonna, target of a

paign waged by Italy's Cathohe establishment, has invited clerics who have labelled her shows hlasphemous to come and watch her perform. Landing in Rome on a concert tour, the Catholicbred pop singer whose use of crucifixes and other sacred symbols has aroused the wrath of prominent Catholic bodies, told reporters: "I am aware the Vatican and some Catholic communities are accusing my show of being sinful and blasphemous and that they are trying to stop people seeing it. "I appeal to you, just men and women of the Catholic Church: Come and see my show and then judge," added the 29year-old Madonna, who said the criticisms had made her blood boil. A news agency which reflects the opinions of the Italian bishops conference said last week her shows were an offence to good taste. A Catholic lobby

be banned. U.K. to hold inquiry into Titanic after 78 vears

LONDON (AP) - A govern-

ment inquiry is to be held into the

who was criticised for not going to the aid of the Titanic when the ocean liner sank 78 years ago, a published report said Monday. The Daily Telegraph said Transport Department investigators will examine testimony from the 1912 Titanic inquiry and a mass of additional material to throw light on the role of the late Capt. Stanley Lord. Evidence of the wreck's pusition from U.S. oceanographer Rubert Ballard. who located it in 1985, will be crucial, the newspaper said-Lord was master of the Boston-bound Californian, believed to have been the nearest ship to the Titanic when the British liner struck an iceberg in the North Atlantic while steaming to New York on its maiden voyage in April 1912. More than 1,500 of the 2,200 people aboard died, many because of a shortage of lifeboats. The Carpathia and other ships which were farther away than the Californian did reach the scene in answer to the stricker lines is distress calls. Lord's ship was stop ped by ice at the home. The original inquiry consumed him for not responding to distress rockets from the Titanic and culed that since he was 13 to 16 kilometres